## **Professional Course Examination, November 2018**

(5th Semester)

## BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

Course: BCA-503

(Microprocessors)

(Revised)

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

(PART: A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A ( Marks: 15)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

 $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

- 1. The first microprocessor developed was
  - (a) Intel 2002 ( )
  - (b) Intel 4004 ( )
  - (c) AVR one ( )
  - (d) Motorola 6800 ( )

| 2.  | Data bus of 8085 microprocessor is       |            |                                  |
|-----|--|------------|----------------------------------|
|     | (a) 4-bit ( )                            |            | 8-bit ( )                        |
|     | (c) 16-bit ( )                           | (a)        | 32-bit ( )                       |
| 3.  | Which pin of microcontroller is used to  |            | -                                |
|     | (a) SOD ( )<br>(c) ALE ( )               | (b)<br>(d) | HLDA ( )<br>SID ( )              |
|     |  | ,          | ,                                |
| 4.  | In each instruction cycle, the first o   | _          | •                                |
|     | (a) memory read ( ) (c) opcode fetch ( ) | (b)<br>(d) | memory write ( ) opcode read ( ) |
| 5   | Which is the INTA pin of 8085 micr       | ` '        | - , ,                            |
| ٥.  | (a) 9 ( )                                | (b)        | 10 ( )                           |
|     | (c) 11 ( )                               | , ,        | 12 ( )                           |
| 6.  | What is address of non-maskable in       | terru      | apt?                             |
|     | (a) 0020 <sub>H</sub> ( )                |            | 0024 <sub>H</sub> ( )            |
|     | (c) 0028 <sub>H</sub> ( )                | (d)        | $002C_{H}$ ( )                   |
| 7.  | Which of the following is software in    | nterru     | upt?                             |
|     | (a) RST 4·5 ( )                          | (b)        | RST 5 ( )                        |
|     | (c) RST 7·5 ( )                          | (d)        | RST 8 ( )                        |
| 8.  | What is the resolution of 8-bit ADC?     |            |                                  |
|     | (a) 39 mV ( )<br>(c) 41 mV ( )           | ` '        | 40 mV ( )<br>42 mV ( )           |
| •   | , ,                                      | (ω)        | 12 111 ( )                       |
| 9.  | Which is the fastest ADC?                |            |                                  |
|     | (a) Flash ADC ( )                        |            |                                  |
|     | (b) Dual slope ADC ( )                   |            |                                  |
|     | (c) SAR ADC ( )                          |            |                                  |
|     | (d) Sigma delta ADC ( )                  |            |                                  |
| 10. | Which of the following is control ins    | struct     | tion?                            |
|     | (a) MVI ( )                              | (b)        | INX ( )                          |
|     | (c) CMP ( )                              | (d)        | ANI ( )                          |

| Indicate whether the following statements are $True(T)$ or $False(F)$ by putting a Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) mark in the brackets provided: $1 \times 5 = 5$ |                          |          |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1. TRAP is non-vectored interrupt.   | ( T /                    | F )      |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. RIM stands for Read Interrupt Mask  | . ( T /                  | F )      |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>3.</b> As the 8085 microprocessor is 8-bit, 16-bit addition is not possible. ( $T$ /  |                          |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. CNC is a branching instruction.   | ( T /                    | F )      |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>5.</b> 8085 has 20-bit address lines.   | ( T /                    | F )      |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |                          |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECTIO   | N—B                      |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( Marks  | s: 10)                   |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| Answer the following questions :   |                          | 2×5=10   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Write two logical instructions and tw   | vo control instructions. |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Name any two internal registers of 8  | 3085.                    |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Write two features of address bus of  | 8085.                    |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>4.</b> What are the three types of instruction  | ion format in 8085?      |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Name the level triggering interrupts  | in 8085.                 |          |  |  |  |  |  |
| V/BCA/503 (R) <b>/375</b> 3  | 3                        | [ Contd. |  |  |  |  |  |

## ( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks* : 50 )

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

| 1. | (a) | Explain the architecture of 8085 programming model.                                | 7  |  |  |  |
|----|-----|--|----|--|--|--|
|    | (b) | What are the basic units of a microprocessor?                                      | 3  |  |  |  |
|    | OR  |  |    |  |  |  |
|    | (c) | Explain the different types of flag registers in 8085.                             | 5  |  |  |  |
|    | (d) | Explain the bus structure of 8085 microprocessor.                                  | 5  |  |  |  |
| 2. | -   | plain the different types of addressing modes in 8085 and give any two mples each. | 10 |  |  |  |
|    |     | OR   |    |  |  |  |
|    | (a) | Write an ALP to exchange the content of memory location in 1200 H and 4000 H.      | 5  |  |  |  |
|    | (b) | Define stack. Explain the operation of stack in detail.                            | 5  |  |  |  |
| 3. | (a) | What is decoder? Explain with a block diagram the working of 3 to 8 lines decoder. | 6  |  |  |  |
|    | (b) | Explain the function of latch in 8085 microprocessor.                              | 4  |  |  |  |
|    |     | OR   |    |  |  |  |
|    | (c) | What is time delay? Explain the time delay with one register.                      | 5  |  |  |  |
|    | (d) | Draw and explain the circuit of tristate buffer.                                   | 5  |  |  |  |
| 4. | (a) | Write the three features of interrupt RST 4.5.                                     | 3  |  |  |  |
|    | (b) | Explain the function of IO/M, READY, HOLD and HLDA in Direct Memory Access.        | 7  |  |  |  |
|    | OR  |  |    |  |  |  |
|    | (c) | Explain the maskable and non-maskable interrupt.                                   | 5  |  |  |  |
|    | (d) | Explain the vector interrupt in detail.  | 5  |  |  |  |
|    |     |  |    |  |  |  |

| 5. | (a) | Draw and explain the block diagram of successive approximation.          | 6 |  |
|----|-----|--|---|--|
|    | (b) | Explain the working of analog-to-digital converter with a block diagram. | 4 |  |
| OR |     |  |   |  |
|    | (c) | Explain the working of digital-to-analog converter with a block diagram. | 4 |  |
|    | (d) | How do you interface analog-to-digital signal?                           | 6 |  |

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