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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

NINTH PAPER

(**Indian Political Thought**)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 50*)

The questions are of equal value

1. Discuss the sources of Ancient Indian Political Thought.

Or

Explain Kautilya's statecraft as laid down in his *Arthashastra*.

2. Discuss Social Liberalism as put forward by Raja Rammohan Roy.

Or

Write an essay on Dayanand Saraswati's Vedic Nationalism.

3. Evaluate Bal Gangadhar Tilak's idea of Swaraj.

Or

Discuss Gopal Krishna Gokhale's concept of Swadeshi.

4. Explain Non-violence as propagated by Mahatma Gandhi.

Or

Examine Jawaharlal Nehru's idea on Individualism.

5. Discuss the concept of J. P. Narayan's Total Revolution.

Or

Evaluate B. R. Ambedkar's contributions to the Constituent Assembly for the making of the Indian Constitution.

Subject Code : PSC/VI/09

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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

NINTH PAPER

(Indian Political Thought)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer **all** questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. Kautilya was also known as

(a) Chanakya ()

(b) Narendra Dev ()

(c) Swami Vivekananda ()

(2)

2. What constitutes the most original and reliable source of ancient political thought?

(a) Vedic Literature ()

(b) *Mahabharata* ()

(c) The Dharmasastra writings ()

3. Who was known as 'Father of Modern India' ?

(a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak ()

(b) Raja Rammohan Roy ()

(c) Jawaharlal Nehru ()

4. Who founded 'Arya Samaj' ?

(a) Mahatma Gandhi ()

(b) M. N. Roy ()

(c) Dayanand Saraswati ()

(3)

5. Who advocated Western principles and institutions to modernise Indian society and economy ?

(a) J. P. Narayan ()

(b) Swami Vivekananda ()

(c) Gopal Krishna Gokhale ()

6. 'Satyagraha' literally means

(a) insistence on truth ()

(b) freedom ()

(c) non-violence ()

7. Who was awarded the Bharat Ratna in 1999?

(a) Jawaharlal Nehru ()

(b) B. R. Ambedkar ()

(c) J. P. Narayan ()

(4)

8. Who was appointed as Chairman of the Drafting Committee of the Indian Constitution?

(a) M. N. Roy ()

(b) B. R. Ambedkar ()

(c) Kautilya ()

9. *Annihilation of Caste* is a monograph written by

(a) M. N. Roy ()

(b) Raja Rammohan Roy ()

(c) B. R. Ambedkar ()

10. Who formulated the concept of 'Partyless Democracy' ?

(a) Jawaharlal Nehru ()

(b) Raja Rammohan Roy ()

(c) M. N. Roy ()

(5)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following questions in about 4/5 sentences
each : 3×5=15

1. Write on Kautilya's theory of Government.

(6)

2. Write a note on the Nationalism of Swami Vivekananda.

(7)

3. What are the techniques of Satyagraha?

(8)

4. Write a note on Radical Humanism.

(9)

5. Explain Idealism as propounded by Gopal Krishna Gokhale.

2017

(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TENTH PAPER

(Indian Foreign Policy)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. What are the various factors which determine Indian Foreign Policy? 10

Or

Write down the principles and objectives of Indian Foreign Policy. 5+5=10

2. Discuss Indian Foreign Policy with reference to Non-Aligned Movement (NAM). 10

Or

Examine the relevance of Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) in post-Cold War period. 10

3. Analyze Indo-US relationship. 10

Or

Mention various issues of Indo-Russian relationship. 10

4. Discuss major issues in the relations between India and Pakistan. 10

Or

Examine the role of Indian Peace Keeping Force in Sri Lanka. 10

5. What is Look East Policy? Discuss measures taken by India for fulfilment of Look East Policy. 5+5=10

Or

Discuss the relationship between India and European Union. 10

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Subject Code : PSC/VI/10

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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TENTH PAPER

(Indian Foreign Policy)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer **all** questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$

1. When was Non-Aligned Movement (NAM) formed?

(a) 1951 ()

(b) 1954 ()

(c) 1955 ()

(2)

2. Under whose Prime Ministership did the Sino-Indian War break out?

(a) Indira Gandhi ()

(b) Jawaharlal Nehru ()

(c) Morarji Desai ()

3. McMahon line is an international boundary between

(a) India and Bangladesh ()

(b) India and Pakistan ()

(c) India and China ()

4. Who was the first serving President of US to visit India?

(a) Dwight Eisenhower ()

(b) Jimmy Carter ()

(c) John F. Kennedy ()

5. India signed a 'Twenty-Year Treaty of Friendship and Cooperation' with

(a) Sri Lanka ()

(b) Bangladesh ()

(c) Soviet Union ()

6. Bangladesh got his independence in the year

(a) 1971 ()

(b) 1981 ()

(c) 1961 ()

7. US-India Nuclear Cooperation Approval and Non-Proliferation Enhancement Act (Indo-US Nuclear Deal) was signed in

(a) 2008 ()

(b) 2009 ()

(c) 2010 ()

(4)

8. Rajiv Gandhi was assassinated in

(a) 1990 ()

(b) 1991 ()

(c) 1989 ()

9. The 'Look East Policy' was first initiated during the Prime Ministership of

(a) I. K. Gujral ()

(b) P. V. Narasimha Rao ()

(c) H. D. Deve Gowda ()

10. India's Nuclear test in 1998 was called

(a) Operation Tiger ()

(b) Operation Red ()

(c) Operation Shakti ()

(5)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following in about 4/5 sentences each : 3×5=15

1. Point out three issues in Indo-Bangladesh relationship.

(6)

2. Mention the various points of Panchsheel.

(7)

3. Write down any three points of Indo-Sri Lanka Accord, 1987.

(8)

4. Write a note on the India's Nuclear Doctrine.

(9)

5. Write a note on the concept of Non-Aligned Movement.

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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

ELEVENTH PAPER

(The United Nations)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 50*)

The questions are of equal value

UNIT—I

1. Examine the causes for the failures of the League of Nations.

Or

Discuss the procedure for admission of new members to the UN.

UNIT—II

2. Examine the composition and functions of the Economic and Social Council.

Or

Discuss the powers and functions of the UN General Assembly.

UNIT—III

3. Examine the objectives and functions of the ILO.

Or

Examine the role of the UNICEF.

UNIT—IV

4. Discuss the contribution of the UN for the protection and promotion of Human Rights.

Or

Examine the peace-keeping activities of the UN.

(3)

UNIT—V

5. Discuss the relevance of the working of the UN in the post-Cold War Period.

Or

Discuss the major proposals for reforms of the UN.

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Subject Code : PSC/VI/11

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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

ELEVENTH PAPER

(The United Nations)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The League of Nations came into existence on

(a) 10th January, 1920 ()

(b) 19th September, 1919 ()

(c) 1st January, 1942 ()

(2)

2. The Uniting for Peace Resolution was adopted in

(a) 3rd November, 1950 ()

(b) 3rd November, 1960 ()

(c) 3rd November, 1970 ()

3. The present Secretary-General of the UN is

(a) Ban Ki-moon ()

(b) Kofi Annan ()

(c) Antonio Guterres ()

4. The first UN Peacekeeping Mission was in the year

(a) 1990 ()

(b) 1948 ()

(c) 1945 ()

(3)

5. The Nobel Peace Prize was awarded to the UN Peace Keeping Force in

(a) August 1987 ()

(b) September 1988 ()

(c) October 1989 ()

6. The non-permanent members of the Security Council are elected for a period of

(a) 2 years ()

(b) 3 years ()

(c) 1 year ()

7. International Court of Justice is located in

(a) Geneva ()

(b) New York ()

(c) Hague ()

(4)

8. The Charter of the UN consists of

(a) 111 Articles ()

(b) 100 Articles ()

(c) 120 Articles ()

9. Who initiated the proposal for the UN Reforms?

(a) Ban Ki-moon ()

(b) Kofi Annan ()

(c) Boutros Boutros-Ghali ()

10. The Headquarters of UNICEF is located in

(a) New Delhi ()

(b) London ()

(c) New York ()

(5)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer/Write on the following in about 5 sentences each :

3×5=15

1. 'Veto' power

(6)

2. Functions of UNDP

(7)

3. Write down three objectives of the UN.

(8)

4. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948

(9)

5. Point out three reasons for the emergence of Cold War.

2 0 1 7

(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TWELFTH (A) PAPER

(**Political Sociology**)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks : 50*)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

UNIT—I

1. Define Political Sociology. Explain its nature and scope. 3+7=10

Or

Discuss the Marxist approach to the study of Political Sociology. 10

UNIT—II

2. What is authority? Explain the different kinds of authority. 3+7=10

Or

Define legitimacy. Discuss its sources. 3+7=10

UNIT—III

3. Define political culture. Discuss the various types of political culture. 3+7=10

Or

Write an essay on the concept of political development. 10

UNIT—IV

4. Write an essay on social stratification. 10

Or

What is caste? Discuss its features. 3+7=10

UNIT—V

5. Define social change. Examine the various factors of social change. 3+7=10

Or

Discuss the role of westernization as a factor of social change. 10

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Subject Code : PSC/VI/12 (a)

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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TWELFTH (A) PAPER

(Political Sociology)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Choose the most appropriate answer to the following by putting a Tick (✓) mark against it in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. Political Sociology studies the politics and

(a) non-governmental organizations ()

(b) government ()

(c) society ()

(2)

2. David Easton's Systems Approach is popularly known as

(a) input-output model ()

(b) output model ()

(c) input model ()

3. Power is

(a) being rewarded by others ()

(b) an ability to influence others ()

(c) dependency upon others ()

4. The authority of the President of India is an example of

(a) constitutional authority ()

(b) traditional authority ()

(c) religious authority ()

(3)

5. According to Dahl's classification of citizens' level of participation, the Apolitical Stratum consists of

(a) power seekers ()

(b) inactive participants ()

(c) active participants ()

6. According to Almond, in a parochial political culture, people are

(a) ignorant of their political system ()

(b) oriented to the system but are not very active ()

(c) fully aware of the system and participate actively ()

7. Division of society on the basis of class is

(a) peculiar to few affluent societies ()

(b) of comparatively recent origin ()

(c) found in all societies ()

(4)

8. Social stratification means breaking up relationship between

(a) two nations ()

(b) the group of individuals ()

(c) two individuals ()

9. Social change is affected by

(a) demography ()

(b) technology ()

(c) Both (a) and (b) ()

10. M. N. Srinivas is famous for using the term

(a) secularization ()

(b) westernization ()

(c) sanskritization ()

(5)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following questions :

3×5=15

1. Write a note on the behavioural approach to the study of Political Sociology.

(6)

2. Differentiate between power and influence.

(7)

3. What are the main agents of political socialization?

(8)

4. Write the differences between caste and class.

(9)

5. What do you mean by secularization?

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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TWELFTH (B) PAPER

(South-East Asia Politics)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The questions are of equal value

UNIT—I

1. Describe the geographical and cultural attributes of South-East Asian Nations.

Or

Discuss the socio-economic importance of studying the South-East Asian Politics.

UNIT—II

2. Determine the importance of South-East Asia to Indian Foreign Policy.

Or

Evaluate the development of India's Foreign Policy in relation with South-East Asia from 1980s till date.

UNIT—III

3. Discuss the features of economic engagement in strengthening India-ASEAN relationship.

Or

Describe the competition between India and China in their relationship with ASEAN.

UNIT—IV

4. Discuss India's economic relations with South Korea.

Or

Evaluate India's border trades with Myanmar with reference to status, problems and potentials.

(3)

UNIT—V

5. Give a descriptive account on the development of ASEAN-Japan relationship in the post-Second World War.

Or

Evaluate the impact of South China Sea disputes on ASEAN-China relations.

Subject Code : PSC/VI/12 (b)

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(6th Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

TWELFTH (B) PAPER

(South-East Asia Politics)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The mainland of South-East Asian Nations are

(a) Burma, Singapore, Thailand and
Laos ()

(b) Thailand, Laos, Burma, Cambodia and
Vietnam ()

(c) Burma, Thailand, Laos and Indonesia ()

(2)

2. Which country is not an ASEAN Candidate/Observer State?

(a) Papua New Guinea ()

(b) Timor-Leste ()

(c) Brunei ()

3. 'Look East Policy' has been changed to

(a) Act East Policy ()

(b) East Policy Bill ()

(c) ASEAN-India Relations Policy ()

4. Which are the countries represented in the ASEAN+3 framework?

(a) ASEAN + China, South Korea and Japan ()

(b) ASEAN + China, Japan and India ()

(c) ASEAN + China, South Korea and India ()

(3)

5. The ASEAN-India Trade in Goods (TIG) agreement in Bangkok came into force on

(a) 8th June, 2014 ()

(b) 6th July, 2011 ()

(c) 1st January, 2010 ()

6. Which country is India's largest direct trade partner in the ASEAN?

(a) Myanmar ()

(b) Indonesia ()

(c) Vietnam ()

7. Which ASEAN country is also known as 'Land of Smiles'?

(a) Malaysia ()

(b) Thailand ()

(c) Singapore ()

(4)

8. President U. Htin Kyaw, Myanmar visited India in

(a) January, 2010 ()

(b) May, 2015 ()

(c) August, 2016 ()

9. The full form of ACFTA is

(a) ASEAN-China Free Trade Area ()

(b) ASEAN-China Free Trade Agreement ()

(c) All Chinese Free Trade Area ()

10. The most populated country in South-Eastern Asia is

(a) Philippines ()

(b) Indonesia ()

(c) Cambodia ()

(5)

SECTION—B

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following questions :

3×5=15

1. Write a short note on the importance of culture of South-East Asian Nations for the establishment of ASEAN.

(6)

2. What is the main obstacle for India to be a member of ASEAN?

(7)

3. What is ASEAN?

(8)

4. Briefly explain India's economic relations with Myanmar.

(9)

5. What is the role of China in strengthening ties between Japan and South-East Asia?
