

2025

(NEP—2020)

(1st Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Multi-disciplinary Course)

(**Introduction to the Constitution of India**)

(Regular & Repeater)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(**SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE**)

(*Marks : 10*)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The Preamble to the Indian Constitution aims to secure to its citizens

(a) justice, equality, rights and freedom ()

(b) justice, liberty, equality and authority ()

(c) justice, fraternity, liberty and humanity ()

(d) justice, liberty, equality and fraternity ()

2. The Constitution of India was adopted on

(a) 26th January, 1949 ()

(b) 26th January, 1950 ()

(c) 26th November, 1949 ()

(d) 26th November, 1950 ()

3. The procedure of amendment is borrowed from the
- (a) Australian Constitution ()
 - (b) British Constitution ()
 - (c) South African Constitution ()
 - (d) French Constitution ()
4. Part IV of the Indian Constitution contains the
- (a) Fundamental Rights ()
 - (b) Directive Principles of State Policy ()
 - (c) Panchayati Raj ()
 - (d) Right to Education ()
5. Article 32 of the Constitution made the provision for
- (a) constitutional remedies ()
 - (b) freedom of religion ()
 - (c) abolition of untouchability ()
 - (d) None of the above ()
6. The Judge of the Supreme Court is appointed by the
- (a) Prime Minister ()
 - (b) Chief Justice ()
 - (c) President ()
 - (d) Speaker ()
7. The Prime Minister is appointed by the
- (a) President ()
 - (b) Chief Justice ()
 - (c) Lok Sabha Speaker ()
 - (d) High Court Judge ()

8. The Members of Rajya Sabha are elected for a period of

- (a) 4 years ()
- (b) 5 years ()
- (c) 6 years ()
- (d) 3 years ()

9. In Lok Sabha, Mizoram has _____ member.

- (a) 1 ()
- (b) 2 ()
- (c) 3 ()
- (d) 4 ()

10. The Election Commission of India is not responsible for the supervision, control and directions of elections of which body?

- (a) Local bodies ()
- (b) Legislative Assembly ()
- (c) Office of the Vice-President of India ()
- (d) Office of the President of India ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 25)

Answer *five* questions, taking at least *one* from each Unit : 5×5=25

UNIT—I

1. Write a short note on the Preamble to the Constitution of India.
2. Describe the ideals enshrined in the Preamble.
3. Explain the term 'justice' in the Indian Constitution.

UNIT—II

4. Write any five Fundamental Rights.
5. Write a short note on judicial review.

6. Write any five Directive Principles of State Policy based on socialist principles.

UNIT—III

7. Write the powers and functions of the Prime Minister.
8. Explain the composition of the Rajya Sabha.
9. Write the composition of the Election Commission of India.

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 40)

Answer *four* questions, taking at least *one* from each Unit : 10×4=40

UNIT—I

1. Discuss the salient features of the Indian Constitution.
2. Discuss the various sources of the Indian Constitution.
3. Elaborate the reasons why Preamble is called the philosophy of the Constitution.

UNIT—II

4. Describe the Fundamental Duties of the citizens of India.
5. Discuss the Directive Principles of State Policy.
6. Discuss the composition, powers and functions of the Supreme Court of India.

UNIT—III

7. Discuss the powers and functions of the President of India.
8. Describe the powers and functions of the Lok Sabha.
9. Describe the powers and functions of the Election Commission of India.
