

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

HISTORY

NINTH PAPER

**( Modern World History )**

( Revised and Pre-Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 50* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Why did the Industrial Revolution first take place in Britain?

*Or*

What are the innovations introduced in the textile industries after the Industrial Revolution?

2. What were the reforms introduced by Napoleon Bonaparte?

*Or*

Describe the Unification of Germany.

3. What do you mean by Scramble for Africa? Explain its effects.

*Or*

Discuss the women's suffrage movement in the 19th century.

4. Explain the factors responsible for the outbreak of the First World War.

*Or*

Account for the rise of Fascism in Italy.

5. Define Manhattan Project and its effects in the Second World War.

*Or*

Write the circumstances leading to the birth of the United Nations. What were its aims?

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**Subject Code :**  
**HIST/VI/09 (R & PR)**

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**Booklet No. A**

Date Stamp .....

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**To be filled in by the Candidate**

DEGREE 6th Semester  
(Arts / Science / Commerce /  
..... ) Exam., **2017**

Subject .....

Paper .....

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**HIST/VI/09 (R & PR)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

NINTH PAPER

**( Modern World History )**

( Revised and Pre-Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

**1.** After the 1850s, who led the invention and commercialization of electricity?

(a) Britain ( )

(b) Belgium and France ( )

(c) Germany and the US ( )

**2.** In general, the population of Europe in the 19th century

(a) declined ( )

(b) stayed roughly at the same ( )

(c) showed a dramatic increase ( )

- 3.** Mostly early 19th century liberals advocated
- (a) direct representation from those who owned property ( )
  - (b) universal manhood suffrage ( )
  - (c) state intervention in the economy ( )
- 4.** The German confederation
- (a) did not include Austria and Prussia ( )
  - (b) included non-German territories in Poland and Hungary ( )
  - (c) was a loose confederation of 39 states ( )
- 5.** After the French made Algeria a department
- (a) all French settlers were given full rights to citizenship ( )
  - (b) the suffrage was given to all male residents ( )
  - (c) settlers began to civilize indigenous peoples ( )
- 6.** By 1902, what percentage of Africa had succumbed to the European ‘Scramble for Africa’?
- (a) 30 percent ( )
  - (b) 50 percent ( )
  - (c) 90 percent ( )

- 7.** The event that triggered the British declaration of war on Germany on August 4, 1914 was
- (a) the German invasion of Poland ( )
  - (b) the German declaration of war on France ( )
  - (c) the German invasion of Belgium ( )
- 8.** Which of the following was not a component of Italian Fascism?
- (a) Anti-Semitism ( )
  - (b) Militarism ( )
  - (c) Nationalism ( )
- 9.** The Soviet Union entered the Pacific Theatre of the World War II by
- (a) marching into Manchuria and the colonial territory of Korea ( )
  - (b) invading the island of Okinawa ( )
  - (c) pushing the Japanese forces back on Hong Kong ( )
- 10.** Operation Barbarossa was the code name for
- (a) the German invasion of Poland ( )
  - (b) the Normandy invasion ( )
  - (c) the Allied invasion of Berlin ( )

( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Give short answers to any *five* of the following questions :  
3×5=15

1. Why would you consider the fact that industrialization's roots lay in agriculture?

( 5 )

2. What do you know about the Great Famine of 1845-1849?

( 6 )

3. What were the three components of liberalism?



( 7 )

4. What were the demands of the Chartists?

( 8 )

5. Why was Lord Curzon the most prominent representative of the 'new imperialism' in India?

( 9 )

6. Who was the New Woman?

( 10 )

7. What was the New Economic Policy (NEP)?

( 11 )

8. Explain the significance of the term 'total war'.

( 12 )

9. How was the Spanish Civil War a 'dress rehearsal' for a later war between the German and the Soviet 'advisors'?

( 13 )

- 10.** What was the Polish Corridor? What event set off the beginning of the Second World War?

\*\*\*

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

HISTORY

TENTH PAPER

**( Contemporary World )**

( Revised and Pre-Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 50* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Trace the origin and impact of the Cold War.

*Or*

What do you mean by the 'Golden Years'?  
Discuss the role played by the technological  
revolution in the post-war economic surge.

2. Define 'decolonization'. Discuss the process of  
decolonization after the Second World War.

*Or*

Briefly explain the development and end of  
Apartheid in South Africa.

3. Analyze the rise of South Korea and Taiwan as  
economic powerhouses.

*Or*

How did North Korea become the most serious  
threat to regional security in the 1990s?

4. Critically examine the collapse of communism in  
Eastern Europe and the end of the Soviet Union.

*Or*

Analyze women's changing roles from the end of  
the Second World War.

5. What is globalization? How did it transform the  
outlook of the people?

*Or*

Illustrate the nature and characteristic of  
a network society and how it has become the  
foundation of our society in the twenty-first  
century.

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**Subject Code :**  
**HIST/VI/10 (R & PR)**

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**HIST/VI/10 (R & PR)**

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( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TENTH PAPER

**( Contemporary World )**

( Revised and Pre-Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

**1.** The two key post-war powers which played significant role during the Cold War were

(a) USA and Soviet Union ( )

(b) USSR and China ( )

(c) USA and England ( )

( 2 )

**2.** The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) was established in

- (a) April 1949 ( )
- (b) August 1948 ( )
- (c) September 1949 ( )

**3.** Movement for the establishment of a Jewish State in Palestine was called

- (a) Der Judenstaat ( )
- (b) Eretz Yisra'el ( )
- (c) Zionism ( )

**4.** The process whereby a colonial power grants judicial independence to a colony, but nevertheless maintains a 'de facto' political and economic control is known as

- (a) neo-Marxism ( )
- (b) neo-communism ( )
- (c) neo-colonialism ( )

**5.** The 1958 Great Leap Forward Movement was initiated by

- (a) Soviet Union ( )
- (b) CCP ( )
- (c) USA ( )

- 6.** The People's Republic of China (PRC) came into existence in 1949 under the leadership of
- (a) Mao Zedong ( )
  - (b) Zhou Enlai ( )
  - (c) Deng Xiaoping ( )
- 7.** The Solidarity Movement in Poland played a major role in
- (a) the establishment of communist rule ( )
  - (b) the end of communist rule in Poland ( )
  - (c) the fall of Lech Walesa as head ( )
- 8.** The Irish Republican Army's (IRA) original aim was to establish an
- (a) Irish Democratic Republic ( )
  - (b) Irish Socialist Republic ( )
  - (c) Irish Communist Republic ( )
- 9.** Perestroika means
- (a) establishment ( )
  - (b) restructuring ( )
  - (c) developing ( )
- 10.** The American-led attack on Iraq in 2003 was called
- (a) Operation Black Tornado ( )
  - (b) Operation Enduring Freedom ( )
  - (c) Operation Iraqi Freedom ( )

( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions in not more than  
5 sentences each : 3×5=15

1. What is *détente*?

( 5 )

2. What do you know about the policy of containment?

( 6 )

3. What is Pan-Africanism?

( 7 )

4. What do you mean by apartheid?



( 8 )

5. What was the Non-Aligned Movement?

( 9 )

6. What do you know about the Khmer Rouge?

( 10 )

7. What is meant by the term 'unipolar moment' in international order?

( 11 )

8. How did mass culture bring about cultural revolution?

( 12 )

9. What is 'checkerboard of poverty and affluence'?

( 13 )

**10.** What were the characteristics of the 'Kleptocracies' South of the Sahara?

\*\*\*

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

ELEVENTH PAPER

**( Historiography )**

( Pre-Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 50 )

*The questions are of equal value*

**1.** What is history?

*Or*

What is causation in history? Mention some theories of causation.

**2.** Discuss in brief the relationship between history with archaeology and anthropology.

*Or*

Discuss the relationship between history with sociology and literature.

**3.** Examine the ways and means of collecting data.

*Or*

What are the primary sources and secondary sources in history?

**4.** What do you know about the Annales School of history?

*Or*

Critically examine the positivistic history.

**5.** What are the main ideologies contained in imperialistic historiography?

*Or*

Write a note on the issues discussed by nationalist historians writing on the modern period.

★★★

**Subject Code : HIST/VI/11 (PR)**

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**HIST/VI/11 (PR)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

ELEVENTH PAPER

**( Historiography )**

( Pre-Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

**1.** Who of the following mentioned that “history is past politics and present politics in future history”?

(a) Thomas Carlyle ( )

(b) E. H. Carr ( )

(c) John Seeley ( )

**2.** Who is the author of *The Idea of History*?

(a) R. G. Collingwood ( )

(b) John Seeley ( )

(c) J. S. Mill ( )

- 3.** Archaeological materials can be divided into
- (a) two parts ( )
  - (b) three parts ( )
  - (c) four parts ( )
- 4.** The difference between history and economics lies in their approach towards
- (a) economy ( )
  - (b) society ( )
  - (c) politics ( )
- 5.** Which of the following are considered primary sources in history?
- (a) Original materials and private letters ( )
  - (b) Unpublished writing and contemporary records ( )
  - (c) Both (a) and (b) ( )
- 6.** Archival materials are
- (a) secondary sources ( )
  - (b) primary sources ( )
  - (c) None of the above ( )

( 3 )

7. Who is called the Father of History?

(a) Thucydides ( )

(b) Herodotus ( )

(c) Polybius ( )

8. The author of *Communist Manifesto* is

(a) Ranke ( )

(b) Karl Marx ( )

(c) Marc Bloch ( )

9. Subaltern studies began in early

(a) 1980s ( )

(b) 1970s ( )

(c) 1960s ( )

10. The historical philosophy of Karl Marx was derived from

(a) the scientific theory ( )

(b) historical school ( )

(c) dialectic materialism ( )

( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions :

3×5=15

1. Does history repeat itself?

( 5 )

2. Write a short note on cultural relativism.

( 6 )

3. Write a short note on the relation between history and political science.

( 7 )

4. Write a short note on the relation between history and economics.

( 8 )

5. Write a note on archaeological sources.



( 9 )

6. What is archive?

( 10 )

7. Who was Karl Marx?

( 11 )

8. What are the chronicles?

( 12 )

9. Who was James Mill?

( 13 )

10. Who was D. D. Kosambi?

\*\*\*

2 0 1 7

( 6th Semester )

HISTORY

ELEVENTH PAPER

( **Historiography** )

( Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 50* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. What is Historiography?

*Or*

Discuss the relationship between History and Sociology.

2. Do you think generalisation is possible in history writing?

*Or*

What are objectivity and subjectivity in history?

3. Give an account on Chinese historiography.

*Or*

What are the chief features of ancient Indian historical writings?

4. Discuss the contribution of Marxism to historiography.

*Or*

Write an essay on Annales school of history.

5. What are the main ideologists contained in Imperialist historiography?

*Or*

What are the different views discussed by nationalist historians on the issues of Modern period?

★★★

Subject Code : HIST/VI/11 (R)

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**HIST/VI/11 (R)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

ELEVENTH PAPER

**( Historiography )**

( Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

**1.** “History is an unending dialogue between the present and the past.” Who said this?

- (a) R. G. Collingwood ( )
- (b) Oswald Spengler ( )
- (c) E. H. Carr ( )

**2.** The term ‘Causa’ is taken from

- (a) Greek word ( )
- (b) Latin word ( )
- (c) French word ( )



( 2 )

3. What is the greatest difficulty in collecting the historical date?

(a) Subjective writing ( )

(b) Scattered material ( )

(c) None of the above ( )

4. Archival materials are

(a) secondary source ( )

(b) primary source ( )

(c) None of the above ( )

5. Who is called the 'Father of History'?

(a) Thucydides ( )

(b) Herodotus ( )

(c) Polybius ( )

6. Who revolutionised Roman historiography?

(a) Cato the Censor ( )

(b) Tacitus ( )

(c) Livy ( )

( 3 )

7. Auguste Comte is associated with

(a) Marxism ( )

(b) positivism ( )

(c) subaltern ( )

8. Who was the originator of the principle of class struggle?

(a) Marc Bloch ( )

(b) Friedrich Engels ( )

(c) Karl Marx ( )

9. *Indian Feudalism* was written by

(a) R. S. Sharma ( )

(b) D. D. Kosambi ( )

(c) Romila Thapar ( )

10. Who among the following highlighted the glorious past of India?

(a) R. C. Dutt ( )

(b) B. G. Tilak ( )

(c) V. D. Savarkar ( )

( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions in not more than  
5 sentences each : 3×5=15

1. What is social history?

( 5 )

2. What is the relation between History and Archeology?

( 6 )

3. What is the difference between Primary and Secondary sources?

( 7 )

4. How do we use photographs to reconstruct the past events?

( 8 )

5. Write a note on *Harshacharita* of Bana Bhatta.

( 9 )

6. Who was Karl Marx?



( 10 )

7. What is Communist Manifesto?

( 11 )

8. What is the Chronicles?

( 12 )

9. Who was Ranajit Guha?

( 13 )

- 10.** Briefly highlight the contribution of Bipan Chandra in Indian history.

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**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (A) PAPER

**[ History of USA (1776–1945) ]**

( Revised & Pre-Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 50 )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Review the constitutional debates between the Federalists and Anti-Federalists.

*Or*

Discuss the causes and effects of the War of 1812.

2. What do you mean by Turner's Frontier Thesis?

*Or*

What do you know about the Kansas-Nebraska Question?

3. Trace the growth of slavery in America.

*Or*

Explain in brief the social and political effects of the Civil War.

4. Assess the effects of the influx of immigrants on American society.

*Or*

What were the impacts of railroad expansion?

5. What do you understand by New Deal Diplomacy?

*Or*

Why did the United States of America enter into the Second World War?

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**Subject Code :**  
**HIST/VI/12 (a) (R & PR)**

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**HIST/VI/12 (a) (R & PR)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (A) PAPER

**[ History of USA (1776–1945) ]**

( Revised and Pre-Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

**1.** Columbus landed in America in

(a) 1492 ( )

(b) 1594 ( )

(c) 1491 ( )

**2.** The Battle of Golden Hill occurred in

(a) Philadelphia ( )

(b) Washington ( )

(c) New York ( )

**3.** The Republic of Texas was annexed by the USA in

(a) 1845 ( )

(b) 1848 ( )

(c) 1849 ( )

**4.** In 1859, Harpers Ferry was raided by

(a) Oliver Hudson ( )

(b) John Adams ( )

(c) John Brown ( )

**5.** Which Amendment abolished slavery in the USA?

(a) Eleventh Amendment ( )

(b) Twelfth Amendment ( )

(c) Thirteenth Amendment ( )

**6.** Texas was admitted to the Union in 1854 as a

(a) Slave State ( )

(b) Free State ( )

(c) Neutral State ( )



**7.** The guiding principle or creed of the American Foreign Policy was

(a) Jeffersonian Democracy ( )

(b) Monroe Doctrine ( )

(c) Wilson's Fourteen Points ( )

**8.** In 1867, Oliver Hudson Kelley had founded an organization known as the Patrons of Husbandry but it was frequently called

(a) the Mudrackers ( )

(b) the Grange ( )

(c) the Backpackers ( )

**9.** The first cotton mill in USA was started in

(a) 1790 ( )

(b) 1791 ( )

(c) 1794 ( )

**10.** Japan bombed Pearl Harbour in

(a) 1939 ( )

(b) 1940 ( )

(c) 1941 ( )

( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Give short answers to any *five* of the following questions :

3×5=15

1. Who was Andrew Jackson?

( 5 )

2. Who was Thomas Paine?

( 6 )

3. Who were the Anti-Federalists?

( 7 )

4. What do you know about the Populist Movement?

( 8 )

5. Explain in brief the Compromise of 1890.

( 9 )

6. Who was Daniel Webster?

( 10 )

7. What are the social effects of the American Civil War?



( 11 )

8. Write a few lines about Bleeding Kansas.

( 12 )

9. Discuss in brief the Seattle Strike.

( 13 )

10. What is the Great Depression?

\*\*\*

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (C) PAPER

**( History of Modern China )**

( Pre-Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 50* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Throw light on the land and taxation system of China.

*Or*

Write a detailed note on the Chinese social stratification during the 19th century.

2. Discuss the nature and origin of the Canton system of trade. What are the articles of trade?

*Or*

Write an essay on the Open Door Policy.

3. What were the causes of Taiping Rebellion?

*Or*

Briefly discuss about the Self-Strengthening Movement and its achievement.

4. What do you know about May Fourth Movement? Examine its nature.

*Or*

Describe Dr. Sun Yat-sen's role for the outbreak of Revolution in China.

5. Write a detailed note on the KMT Campaigns.

*Or*

Throw light on the birth of People's Republic of China.

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**Subject Code :**  
**HIST/VI/12 (c) (PR)**

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..... ) Exam., **2017**

Roll No. ....

Regn. No. ....

Subject .....

Paper .....

Descriptive Type

Booklet No. B .....

*Signature of  
Scrutiniser(s)*

*Signature of  
Examiner(s)*

*Signature of  
Invigilator(s)*

**HIST/VI/12 (c) (PR)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (C) PAPER

**( History of Modern China )**

( Pre-Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. The nobility in the Ching system consisted
  - (a) Dalai Lama, the Chief Toist and the Duke King ( )
  - (b) two categories such as the six Boards and nine Ministers ( )
  - (c) Three categories such as imperial clansmen, titular nobles and fannermen ( )

2. Government examination was conducted on the district, provincial and metropolitan levels. In order to qualify for the first of these, the preliminary district examination, the candidate had to present a guarantee of his origin and character from a member of the gentry. The first session of exam was conducted by

- (a) District Magistrate ( )
- (b) Grand Secretariat ( )
- (c) Grand Council ( )

3. The Opium War was fought between which of the following countries?

- (a) China and Japan ( )
- (b) China and Britain ( )
- (c) China and Russia ( )

4. How many ports of China were opened for the foreigners after the Opium War?

- (a) 12 ( )
- (b) 15 ( )
- (c) 17 ( )

5. The chief work of Taipings was

- (a) social reforms ( )
- (b) land and administrative reforms ( )
- (c) Both (a) and (b) ( )

6. Who was the Emperor of China during Hundred Days of Reform?
- (a) Kuang-Shu ( )
  - (b) Veng-Fang ( )
  - (c) Jung-Lu ( )
7. The condition of the country during revolution was
- (a) full of confusion ( )
  - (b) full of anarchy ( )
  - (c) Both (a) and (b) ( )
8. The May Fourth Movement adversely affected
- (a) society ( )
  - (b) trade and commerce ( )
  - (c) culture ( )
9. Provincial leaders introduce military organization through the adoption of
- (a) foreign ships and guns and opening of new training schools ( )
  - (b) organization of supporting industries ( )
  - (c) Both (a) and (b) ( )
10. Who summoned a People's Political Consultative Conference on 12th Sept, 1949, to prepare the formation of a new government?
- (a) Feng Kuo-chang ( )
  - (b) Mao Tse-tung ( )
  - (c) Sheng Hsuan-huai ( )



( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer any *five* of the following :

3×5=15

1. Throw light on the position of Emperor in China.

( 5 )

2. What is the six Boards in the Ching Government?

( 6 )

3. What were the rules and behaviour for foreigners at Canton?

( 7 )

4. Write a short note on the Treaty of Nanking.

( 8 )

5. What were the causes of Nian Rebellion?

6. What reforms were undertaken during the Hundred Days of Reform?

( 10 )

7. Trace the consequences of the Boxer Rebellion.

( 11 )

8. Write a short essay on the Civil War among the warlords.



( 12 )

9. Write the contribution of Mao Zedong.

( 13 )

10. Discuss the economic development in China after the Chinese Communist Revolution.

\*\*\*

2 0 1 7

( 6th Semester )

HISTORY

TWELFTH (C) PAPER

[ **History of Modern China** ]

( Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 50* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Briefly discuss the central government organization and local administration of China.

*Or*

Describe the government examination system practised in China.

2. Discuss the nature and origin of the Canton System of trade. What are the articles of trade?

*Or*

Write an essay on the 'Open Door Policy'.

3. What are the causes of Taiping Rebellion?

*Or*

What role was played by the Empress Dowager Tz'u Hsi in the reversal of the Hundred Days of Reform?

4. What do you know about the nature of the 'May Fourth Movement'?

*Or*

Describe Dr. Sun Yat-sen's role for the outbreak of revolution in China.

5. Write a detailed note on the origin and growth of KMT.

*Or*

Throw light on the birth of People's Republic of China.

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**Subject Code :**  
**HIST/VI/12 (C) (R)**

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**Booklet No. A**

Date Stamp .....

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**To be filled in by the Candidate**

DEGREE 6th Semester  
(Arts / Science / Commerce /  
..... ) Exam., **2017**

Subject .....

Paper .....

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Roll No. ....

Regn. No. ....

Subject .....

Paper .....

Descriptive Type

Booklet No. B .....

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Invigilator(s)*

**HIST/VI/12 (C) (R)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (C) PAPER

**[ History of Modern China ]**

( Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

- 1.** The clansmen numbering about 700 from the late 16th century through the end of 19th century were the direct male descendants of

(a) Duke King ( )

(b) Nurhaci ( )

(c) Dalai Lama ( )

2. In the Ch'ing period, the method of tax collection was the 'single-whip system' which consolidated all taxes into one compound sum to be paid twice a year, the two payments known as 'The Upper Busy (season)' and 'The Lower Busy (season)' which were
- (a) summer payment and autumn payment ( )
  - (b) summer payment and winter payment ( )
  - (c) winter payment and autumn payment ( )
3. The Court authorized \_\_\_\_\_ commercial firms known as the hong as sole agents of foreign trade.
- (a) sixteen ( )
  - (b) twenty ( )
  - (c) thirteen ( )
4. What is the consequence of Second Opium War?
- (a) Economic condition of China improved ( )
  - (b) The door of China was opened for the Western countries ( )
  - (c) Both (a) and (b) ( )
5. Who was the leader of Taiping Rebellion?
- (a) Kin-Li-chio ( )
  - (b) Hung Hsiu-ch'üan ( )
  - (c) Mao Tse-tung ( )

6. Who was the Emperor of China during Hundred Days of Reform?
- (a) Kuang-hsu ( )
  - (b) Veng-Tang ( )
  - (c) Jung-Lu ( )
7. The chief aim of the outbreak of Boxer Revolt was
- (a) hatred towards foreigner ( )
  - (b) behaviour of the foreign missionaries ( )
  - (c) Both (a) and (b) ( )
8. Which of the following was responsible for the failure of revolution?
- (a) Yuan Shih-k'ai ( )
  - (b) Li Yuan ( )
  - (c) Sun Yat-sen ( )
9. Which system did Dr. Sun Yat-sen use in the reorganization of Kuomintang?
- (a) Russian system ( )
  - (b) German system ( )
  - (c) English system ( )
10. The condition of peasant during the republic was
- (a) pitiable ( )
  - (b) miserable ( )
  - (c) burdensome ( )

( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer any *five* of the following questions : 3×5=15

1. Describe the status of the merchants in the Chinese society.



( 5 )

2. Describe the tributary system of China.

( 6 )

3. Write about the lives of the foreigner at Canton.

( 7 )

4. Write a short note on the 'Treaty of Nanking'.

( 8 )

5. Write a note on the Taiping Land System.

( 9 )

6. Why did the foreign power follow a policy of neutrality in the Taiping Rebellion?

( 10 )

7. What were the Three People's Principles of Dr. Sun Yat-sen?

( 11 )

8. Write a short note on the three memorials recommended by the memorialists in the Ch'ing reform.

( 12 )

9. Write the contributions of Mao Zedong.



( 13 )

10. Discuss the economic development in China after the Chinese Communist Revolution.

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2 0 1 7

( 6th Semester )

HISTORY

TWELFTH (D) PAPER

( **History of Modern Japan** )

( Pre-Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 50* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Elaborate the nature of Bakafu-Han relations in Shogunate period.

*Or*

Describe the administrative policy of Tokugawa Shogun.

2. Narrate the main features of Meiji Constitution of 1889.

*Or*

Discuss the Movement for Freedom and People's Right after the Meiji Restoration.

3. Examine the policy adopted by Meiji rulers for the development of industry in Japan.

*Or*

Outline the role of State Shinto for the growth of Japanese nationalism.

4. Discuss the background of Anglo-Japanese Alliance of 1902 and examine its effects.

*Or*

Narrate the role of Japan in the World War I.

5. Write a note on the future of the party system in Japan.

*Or*

Briefly describe 'New Order' in Eastern Asia.

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**Subject Code :**  
**HIST/VI/12 (d) (PR)**

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**Booklet No. A**

Date Stamp .....

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**To be filled in by the Candidate**

DEGREE 6th Semester  
(Arts / Science / Commerce /  
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Subject .....  
Paper .....

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(Arts / Science / Commerce /  
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Roll No. ....  
Regn. No. ....  
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Paper .....  
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**HIST/VI/12 (d) (PR)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (D) PAPER

**( History of Modern Japan )**

( Pre-Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

**1.** The last Tokugawa Shogun was

(a) Tokugawa Ieyasu ( )

(b) Tokugawa Iemitsu ( )

(c) Tokugawa Yoshinobu ( )

( 2 )

2. Under the Treaty of 1858, US citizen were allowed to reside at

(a) Edo and Nanking ( )

(b) Shimoda and Hakodata ( )

(c) Nagasaki and Hiroshima ( )

3. Conscript army means

(a) voluntary enrollment into army ( )

(b) compulsory enrollment into army ( )

(c) reservation-based enrollment into army ( )

4. Meiji compulsory education was followed in

(a) urban only ( )

(b) rural only ( )

(c) entire only ( )

5. Bank of Japan was set up in

(a) 1885 ( )

(b) 1886 ( )

(c) 1887 ( )

6. Meiji Government set up a department of Shinto in

(a) 1867 ( )

(b) 1868 ( )

(c) 1869 ( )

7. One of the important causes of Russo-Japanese War of 1904–05 was

(a) Manchuria Dispute ( )

(b) Nanking Dispute ( )

(c) Siberia Dispute ( )

( 4 )

**8.** Japan's 21 Demands on China was made in

(a) 1913 ( )

(b) 1914 ( )

(c) 1915 ( )

**9.** During the World War II, the name of Japanese Emperor was

(a) Yotshi-Hito ( )

(b) Hiro-Hito ( )

(c) Ryukyu-Hito ( )

**10.** Fundamental National Policy of Japan was popularly known as

(a) New Order ( )

(b) Secret Order ( )

(c) Meiji Order ( )

( 5 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer any *five* of the following :

3×5=15

1. Briefly describe the relation between Tokugawa Shogun and Emperor Mikado.



( 6 )

2. Who was Choshu?

( 7 )

3. Highlight the policy taken up by the Meiji leader for the elimination of status system.

4. Why did the Peasant Uprising was not much success?

( 8 )

5. Write a short note on Japan's iron industry.

( 9 )

6. What were the steps taken by the Meiji leader for the success of mass and higher education?

( 10 )

7. Why did Japan invaded Korea?

( 11 )

8. Write down the five terms of the Treaty of Shimonoseki, 1895.

( 12 )

9. Write a note on imperial diet.

( 13 )

10. Briefly describe the Washington Conference of 1921-22.

\*\*\*



**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (D) PAPER

**( History of Modern Japan )**

( Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks : 50* )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. Outline the internal reconstruction of Japan after the abolition of the Tokugawa Shogunate.

*Or*

Explain the foreign policy of Japan up to the Treaty of 1858.

2. Evaluate the nature and character of Restoration of 1868.

*Or*

Write a note on Samurai Rebellion.

3. What were the factors responsible for Japan's industrial revolution in the post-Meiji era?

*Or*

How far the revival of State Shintoism promoted the feeling of nationalism in Japan?

4. What were the causes and effects of Russo-Japanese War of 1905?

*Or*

Discuss the genesis of Manchurian Crisis.

5. What are the main features of the Meiji Constitution of 1889?

*Or*

Describe the role of Japan in World War II and causes of her defeat.

★ ★ ★

**Subject Code :**  
**HIST/VI/12 (d) (R)**

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**Booklet No. A**

Date Stamp .....

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DEGREE 6th Semester  
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Subject .....

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Subject .....

Paper .....

Descriptive Type

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**HIST/VI/12 (d) (R)**

**2 0 1 7**

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

TWELFTH (D) PAPER

**( History of Modern Japan )**

( Revised )

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

**1.** The period of Tokugawa Shogunate was also known as

(a) Azuchi period ( )

(b) Mikado period ( )

(c) Edo period ( )

- 2.** The first US Consul General to the Empire of Japan, Mr. Townsend Harris arrived Shimoda in
- (a) 1856 ( )
  - (b) 1857 ( )
  - (c) 1858 ( )
- 3.** Osaka Conference was convened in
- (a) 1874 ( )
  - (b) 1875 ( )
  - (c) 1876 ( )
- 4.** Chapter III of the Meiji Constitution provided that the Diet will consist of
- (a) one chamber ( )
  - (b) two chambers ( )
  - (c) three chambers ( )
- 5.** For the upliftment of currency reform in Meiji Government, central bank was established in 1882, which was called
- (a) Bank of Japan ( )
  - (b) Bank of Mikado ( )
  - (c) Bank of Nippon ( )
- 6.** Meiji rulers revived the system of worship of emperor and his ancestors that was
- (a) Bakufu ( )
  - (b) Kyoto ( )
  - (c) Shinto ( )

- 7.** Under the Tientsin Convention 1885, both Japan and China agreed that they would withdraw their troops from Korea within
- (a) 4 months ( )
  - (b) 8 months ( )
  - (c) 12 months ( )
- 8.** United States accepted the special claims of Japan in China under the provision of
- (a) Gentlemen Agreement ( )
  - (b) Langsing–Ishii Agreement ( )
  - (c) Paris Peace Conference ( )
- 9.** The first political party established by Itaguki was
- (a) Aikoku koto ( )
  - (b) Aikokusha ( )
  - (c) Kaishu ( )
- 10.** Atom bomb was dropped on Hiroshima on the date of
- (a) August 4, 1945 ( )
  - (b) August 5, 1945 ( )
  - (c) August 6, 1945 ( )

( 4 )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Answer any *five* of the following :

3×5=15

1. Why did Tokugawa Shogun followed the policy of seclusion?

( 5 )

2. Briefly describe the rule of Tokugawa Shogunate.

( 6 )

3. What were the social reforms taken up by the Meiji leaders?



( 7 )

4. Write a note on Tokugawa Central Bureaucracy.

( 8 )

5. Write a short note on Zaibatsu.

( 9 )

6. What were the reasons for modernization of industry in Meiji era?

( 10 )

7. Write a short note on cutting of Chinese melon.

( 11 )

8. Why did Japan withdraw her membership from the League of Nations?

( 12 )

9. Highlight the main provisions of Washington Conference.

( 13 )

10. Give the reason for the failure of democratic system in Japan.

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