V/HIST (v)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

FIFTH PAPER

[Modern India—I (Part-I)]

Full Marks : 75

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The questions are of equal value

Answer **all** questions

1. What do you mean by Anglo-Maratha Wars? How did the British overpower the Maratha Confederacy?

Or

Do you agree that the Revolt of 1857 was the first war of Indian Independence? Give your reasons.

G16**/84a**

(2)

2. Who propounded the idea of utilitarianism? How far did utilitarianism justify the British rule in India?

Or

Define theory of rent. How far is it implied to colonial economic policies in India?

3. What factors contributed to rural indebtedness in colonial India?

Or

Discuss various land revenue policies introduced by the British in India.

4. What were the main types of industries that came up in the 19th century in India?

Or

Write a note on indigenous banking.

5. Describe briefly the impact of Western education in India.

Or

What is meant by Brahmo Samaj? Discuss its contribution to Indian society.

 $\star \star \star$

Subject Code : **V**/HIST (v)

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DEGREE 5th Semester (Arts / Science / Commerce /) Exam., 2015 Subject Paper
Paper

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V/HIST (v)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

FIFTH PAPER

[Modern India—I (Part-I)]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(*Marks* : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION-A

(*Marks* : 10)

Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer in the brackets provided : $1 \times 10 = 10$

- **1.** The 4th Anglo-Mysore War came to an end with the death of
 - (a) Hyder Ali ()
 - (b) Eyre Coote ()
 - (c) Tipu Sultan ()
- **2.** Which of the following battles established the English control over Bengal?
 - (a) Battle of Plassey, 1757 ()
 - (b) Battle of Wandiwash, 1760 ()
 - (c) Battle of Buxar, 1764 ()

/84

(2)

- **3.** The theory associated with 'the greatest good for the greatest number' is
 - (a) orientalism ()
 - (b) utilitarianism ()
 - (c) laissez faire ()
- 4. The concept of laissez faire originated in
 - (a) England ()
 - (b) Germany ()
 - (c) France ()
- 5. Permanent Settlement of Bengal was introduced in
 - (a) 1792 ()
 - *(b)* 1793 *()*
 - *(c)* 1794 ()
- **6.** The book, *Social Background of Indian Nationalism* was authored by
 - (a) R. C. Dutt ()
 - (b) Dadabhai Naoroji ()
 - (c) A. R. Desai ()

(3)

- 7. The first jute mill in India was started in
 - *(a)* 1855 ()
 - *(b)* 1856 ()
 - *(c)* 1857 ()
- **8.** Which of the following was not a plantation industry of British India?
 - (a) Saltpetre ()
 - (b) Indigo ()
 - (c) Tea ()
- 9. The word 'Sanskritization' was first used by
 - (a) M. N. Srinivas ()
 - (b) B. R. Ambedkar ()
 - (c) Raja Rammohan Roy ()
- **10.** When was Tata Iron and Steel Plant established in India?
 - (a) 1910 () (b) 1911 ()
 - *(c)* 1912 ()

(4)

SECTION—B

(*Marks* : 15)

Give brief answers to the following questions (any five) : $3 \times 5 = 15$

1. Discuss some important features of Queen's Proclamation of 1858.

2. Why did Lord Clive introduced the system of Dual or Double Government?

V/HIST (v)**/84**

(5)

(6)

3. What do you mean by the Subsidiary Alliance system?

4. When and who founded the Asiatic Society of Bengal?

(8)

5. What do you mean by Drain of Wealth Theory?

6. Define Jajmani system.

(10)

7. Discuss the nature of Jute manufacturing industry in colonial India.

(11)

8. What do you mean by Aligarh Movement?

(12)

9. Mention the contribution made by Swami Vivekananda.

G16—1300/**84**

V/HIST (vi)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

SIXTH PAPER

[Modern India (Part–II)]

Full Marks : 75

Time: 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks* : 50)

The questions are of equal value

1. (*a*) Analyze the historiography of Indian nationalism.

Or

- *(b)* Discuss the factors responsible for the formation of the Indian National Congress.
- **2.** (a) Explain the significance of the Civil Disobedience Movement.

Or

(b) How did Gandhi transform the Indian National Congress into a mass-based organization? **3.** (a) Describe the nature and working of the Government of India Act, 1919.

Or

(2)

- (b) Give an assessment on the Simon Commission and the Nehru Report that followed it.
- **4.** (*a*) What is communalism? Trace the growth of communalism in India.

Or

- (b) Trace the origin of the Muslim League and examine its demands.
- **5.** (*a*) How were the Princely States integrated into the Indian Union?

Or

(b) Describe the Royal Indian Navy (RIN) Mutiny of February, 1946.

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Subject Code : **V**/HIST (vi)

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DEGREE 5th Semester
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V/HIST (vi)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

SIXTH PAPER

[Modern India (Part–II)]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(*Marks*: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

(Marks: 10)

Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer in the brackets provided : $1 \times 10=10$

1. The Poona Sarvajanik Sabha was established on

- (a) 2nd April, 1870 ()
- (b) 5th May, 1884 ()
- (c) 3rd April, 1876 ()

2. Who among the following was an extremist leader?

- (a) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee ()
- (b) Bipin Chandra Pal ()
- (c) W. C. Banerjee ()

/85

(2)

3.	Amr	ita Bazar Patrika was edited by
	(a)	Bipin Chandra Pal ()
	(b)	Aurobindo Ghosh ()
	(c)	Motilal Ghosh ()
4.	The in	Hindustan Republican Association was founded
	(a)	August, 1925 ()
	(b)	October, 1924 ()
	(c)	September, 1928 ()
5.	The	Swarajist Party was started by
	(a)	Gandhi and Nehru ()
	(b)	Tilak and Gandhi ()
	(c)	C. R. Das and Motilal Nehru ()
6.	The	Communal Award was announced by
	(a)	Ramsay MacDonald ()
	(b)	Clement Attlee ()
	(c)	Winston Churchill ()

(3)

- 7. Who had organized Abhinava Bharat?
 - (a) Tilak ()
 - (b) Prafulla Chaki ()
 - (c) V. D. Savarkar ()
- 8. The Punjab Hindu Sabha was founded in
 - (a) 1907 ()
 - *(b)* 1909 ()
 - *(c)* 1910 ()
- **9.** The step towards the organization of the INA had been taken by
 - (a) Mohan Singh ()
 - (b) Subhas Chandra Bose ()
 - (c) Bhagat Singh ()

10. The chairman of the Constituent Assembly was

- (a) Jawaharlal Nehru ()
- (b) Dr. Rajendra Prasad ()
- (c) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar ()

(4)

SECTION—B (Marks:15)

Answer any *five* of the following questions : $3 \times 5=15$

1. What was the main thrust of economic nationalism propounded by the moderates?

2. What are the four major trends in Bengal Swadeshi according to Sumit Sarkar?

V/HIST (vi)**/85**

(5)

(6)

3. Why did the Congress split in 1907?

4. Write a note on Dandi March.

(8)

5. What are the proposals of the Cripps Mission?

(9)

6. Why was the Cabinet Mission sent in India?

(10)

7. What were the aims of the Akali Dal Movement?

(11)

8. Who were the RSS?

(12)

9. Mention the contribution of Subhas Chandra Bose.

(13)

10. Write a note on the origin of the Sixth Schedule to the Indian Constitution.

G16—1200/85

V/HIST (vii)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

SEVENTH PAPER

(Early Modern Europe)

Full Marks: 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B-DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

The questions are of equal value

1. Who were the Ottomans? How did the Ottomans conquer Constantinople and what were the bases of their power?

Or

How did Europe encounter the New World?

2. Discuss the principal characteristics of literature and thought in the Italian Renaissance.

Or

By 1550s, Protestantism had become a truly international movement, in doing so; however, it also split into a number of competing traditions. Discuss critically.

3. Why was the period 1540 to 1660 one of the most turbulent in European history?

Or

How did scholars such as Montaigne, Bodin, Hobbes and Pascal react to the crisis of Europe's Iron Century?

4. What do you mean by absolutism? What were the aims of absolutist rulers?

Or

What were the causes of the French Revolution?

5. What are the basic characteristics of Enlightenment Writings?

Or

Discuss the intellectual roots of the Scientific Revolution.

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Subject Code : **V**/HIST (vii)

Booklet No. A

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V/HIST (vii)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

SEVENTH PAPER

(Early Modern Europe)

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A (*Marks*: 10)

Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

- **1.** The Silk Road to China was opened to Westerners following
 - (a) the establishment of the Mongol Empire ()

(b) the Battle of Lepanto ()

(c) the defeat of the Mongols by Marco Polo ()

/86

2.	Amerigo Vespucci was
	(a) an Italian geographer ()
	(b) a Spanish explorer ()
	(c) a Portuguese explorer ()
3.	The most prominent Northern Renaissance Intellectual Movement was
	(a) Civic Humanism ()
	(b) Secular Humanism ()
	(c) Christian Humanism ()
4.	The central feature of Calvinist worship was
	(a) Transubstantiation ()
	(b) the Sermon ()
	(c) the Eucharist ()
V/HI	ST (vii) /86

- **5.** The greatest single cause of warfare in Europe between 1540 and 1660 was
 - (a) economic ()
 - (b) religious ()
 - (c) political ()
- **6.** Which pairing is incorrect?
 - (a) Montaigne—Pensees ()
 - (b) Hobbes—Leviathan ()
 - (c) Bodin—Six Books of the Commonwealth ()
- **7.** The most important potential opponent of French royal absolutism was
 - (a) peasantry ()
 - (b) clergy ()
 - (c) nobility ()

8.	In g	general, what precipitated the French Revolution?
	(a)	The planned reforms of Louis XVI ()
	(b)	The writings of Rousseau and Voltaire ()
	(c)	A fiscal crisis ()
9.	In l	French, the word 'philosophe' meant
	(a)	philosopher ()
	(b)	natural philosopher ()
	(c)	free thinker ()
10.		e religious outlook that saw God as the 'divine ekmaker' was called
	(a)	atheism ()
	(b)	pantheism ()
	(c)	deism ()
V/HI	ST (v	ii) /86

(5)

SECTION-B

(*Marks* : 15)

Answer the following questions in brief (any *five*) : $3 \times 5 = 15$

1. What was the main goal of Prince Henry the Navigator?

(6)

2. What impact did the mining of silver have on the native population of Central and South America?

3. Write a note on Michelangelo's *David*.

- (8)
- **4.** What were the three primary theological premises of Luther?

5. An English preacher said in 1643, "These are the days of shaking, and this shaking is universal." Explain.

(10)

6. What caused the English Civil War? What were its consequences?

(11)

7. Almost everywhere in Urban Europe, the 18th Century was the golden age of the small shopkeeper. Explain.

(12)

8. What was the Declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen about?

(13)

9. What were the changes associated with the Scientific Revolution?

10. Write a note on the nature of the Encyclopaedia.

G16—1250/86

\mathbf{V} /HIST (viii) (C)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

EIGHTH (C) PAPER

[History of North-East India (1822-1986)]

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks* : 50)

The questions are of equal value

1. (a) Trace the circumstances leading to the first Anglo-Burmese War.

Or

(b) Discuss the relations between Cachar and the British till its annexation to the British Empire.

(2)

2. (a) Examine the causes of British annexation of the Lushai Hills.

Or

- (b) Analyze the consolidation of the British rule in the Naga Hills.
- **3.** (a) Examine the British land revenue system in the North-East with special reference to Assam.

Or

- (b) Discuss the repercussions of the partition of Bengal in Assam.
- **4.** (a) Narrate the impact of the Revolt of 1857 in Assam.

Or

- (b) Discuss the role of Assam in the Non-Cooperation Movement.
- **5.** (a) Give a critical assessment of the Memorandum of Settlement (1986) between MNF and the Government of India.

Or

(b) Assess the general impressions on the impact of Western education on the hill tribes of North-East India.

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V/HIST (viii) (C)

2015

(5th Semester)

HISTORY

EIGHTH (C) PAPER

[History of North-East India (1822–1986)]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A (Marks: 10)

Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The Treaty of Yandaboo was signed in

(a) 1822 ()

(b) 1824 ()

(c) 1826 ()

/87

- (2)
- 2. Jaintia Hills was annexed on
 - (a) 15th March, 1827 ()
 - (b) 15th March, 1835 ()
 - (c) 15th March, 1836 ()
- 3. Gambhir Singh, ruler of Manipur, died in
 - *(a)* 1834 *(*)
 - *(b)* 1844 ()
 - *(c)* 1854 *()*
- 4. Chin-Lushai Conference was held in Calcutta in
 - (a) 1891 ()
 (b) 1892 ()
 (c) 1894 ()

- (3)
- **5.** The first superintendent of the amalgamated Lushai Hills was
 - (a) Captain Brown ()
 - (b) Major A. G. McCall ()
 - (c) Captain J. Shakespear ()
- **6.** To earn more revenues, the British introduced a system called
 - (a) Permanent Settlement ()
 - (b) Ryotwari Settlement ()
 - (c) Zamindary system ()
- **7.** Oil was drilled for the first time in Assam (1865) at a place called
 - (a) Margherita ()
 - (b) Dibrugarh ()
 - *(c)* Digboi ()

(4)

8. In Assam, the initial protests against language policy came from the (a) American Baptist Missionaries () (b) Eastern India Tribal Union () (c) Naga Ho Ho () 9. The chronicles of the kings of Tripura was known as (a) Harivamsha () (b) Mahabharat () (c) Rajmala () 10. The reorganization of North-East States in 1972 settled all boundary disputes. (a) True () (b) False () (c) It created more problems ()

(5)

SECTION—B (Marks: 15)

Write short answers on any *five* of the following questions : $3 \times 5 = 15$

1. Who was Purandar Singha?

V/HIST (viii) (C)**/87**

2. Who was Tirat Singh?

3. Write a short note on the Innerline Regulations.

4. Who was Govinda Chandra?

(8)

(9)

5. What was the nature the Revolt of 1857 in Assam?

(10)

6. How did the circle system help the administration of the superintendent in Mizo Hills?

7. Who was Kiang Nongbah?

(11)

8. What do you know of the Assam Association?

(12)

9. What was the main objective of All Party Hill Leaders Conference (APHLC)?

(13)

10. What was the MacDonald scheme?

G16—1250**/87**