

**2 0 1 8**

( Pre-CBCS )

( 5th Semester )

**HISTORY**

SEVENTH PAPER

**( Early Modern Europe )**

( Revised )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )**

( Marks : 25 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

SECTION—A

( Marks : 10 )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

**1.** Amerigo Vespucci was

(a) an Italian geographer ( )

(b) a Spanish explorer ( )

(c) a Portuguese explorer ( )

**2.** By 1570, the most important New World Silver mines were located in

(a) Mexico ( )

(b) Hispaniola ( )

(c) Bolivia ( )

- 3.** Michelangelo painted all of the following Sistine Chapel panels between 1508 and 1512, except
- (a) The Creation of Adam ( )
  - (b) The Flood ( )
  - (c) Last Judgement ( )
- 4.** Martin Luther's *Ninety-five Theses* were
- (a) written in German in order to help Luther's ideas ( )
  - (b) intended for academic discussion and disputation ( )
  - (c) written while Luther was in hiding ( )
- 5.** The Thirty Years War began in
- (a) Austria ( )
  - (b) Poland ( )
  - (c) Bohemia ( )
- 6.** Which monarch was restored to the English throne in 1660?
- (a) Charles I ( )
  - (b) James II ( )
  - (c) Charles II ( )
- 7.** Which Treaty brought the Seven Years War to an end?
- (a) Ryswick ( )
  - (b) Nijmegen ( )
  - (c) Paris ( )
- 8.** In August 1791, the largest and most successful slave rebellion in history broke out in
- (a) Martinique ( )
  - (b) Grenada ( )
  - (c) St. Dominique ( )

9. Which one of the following scientists studied the cellular structure of plants?
- (a) Robert Hooke ( )  
(b) Maria Sibylla Merian ( )  
(c) Margaret Cavendish ( )
10. Galileo made his first open defence of the Copernican system in
- (a) *Starry Messenger* ( )  
(b) *Letters on Sunspots* ( )  
(c) *General Scholium* ( )

SECTION—B

( Marks : 15 )

Give short answers of the following questions :

3×5=15

1. What religious policy did the Ottoman adopt towards non-Muslims?

**OR**

What do you know about the Portuguese Caravel?

2. In what ways did the religious teachings of John Calvin differ from that of Luther?

**OR**

Write a note on Michelangelo's *David*.

3. Write a note on the Spanish Armada and its defeat.

**OR**

Mention the significance of the Peace of Westphalia (1648) in European history.

4. "Almost everywhere in Urban Europe, the 18th Century was the Golden Age of the small shopkeeper." Explain.

**OR**

What was the declaration of the Rights of Man and of the Citizen about?

5. What were the changes associated with the Scientific Revolution?

**OR**

What was Descartes's deductive approach?

**( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )**

( Marks : 50 )

*The questions are of equal value*

1. How were the Portuguese able to control the Indian Ocean trade? What role did Prince Henry the Navigator play in the Fifteenth Century Portuguese expeditions?

**OR**

What was the impact of New World Silver on the European economy?

2. What were the theological premises of Lutherianism? How did the reformation begin?

**OR**

What do you mean by Renaissance, 'Classicism' and 'Humanism'?

3. Why was the period 1540–1660 one of the most turbulent in European history?

**OR**

What were the causes and effects of Thirty Years War?

4. What do you mean by Absolutism? What were the aims of absolutist rulers?

**OR**

Examine the main features of the European colonization and trade in the 17th Century.

5. Discuss the intellectual roots of the Scientific Revolution.

**OR**

How did Voltaire, Montesquieu and Diderot exemplify the spirit of the Enlightenment?