

2 0 2 5

(NEP—2020)

(1st Semester)

GEOGRAPHY (MAJOR/MINOR)

(Human Geography)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. Who is considered as the father of Human Geography?

- (a) Friedrich Ratzel () (b) Ellsworth Huntington ()
(c) Ellen C. Semple () (d) Carl Ritter ()

2. The concept of 'place' is most closely associated with

- (a) relative location ()
(b) absolute location ()
(c) physical environment ()
(d) sense of place and local identity ()

3. Which of the following is not one of the major racial classifications traditionally used?

- (a) Caucasoid () (b) Negroid ()
(c) Hispanic () (d) Mongoloid ()

4. Which of the following religions is not originated from India?
- (a) Islam () (b) Hinduism ()
(c) Buddhism () (d) Jainism ()
5. 'Kraal' is a group of houses occupied by
- (a) the Eskimos () (b) the Masais ()
(c) the Bushmen () (d) the Gujjars ()
6. E. C. Semple is an important propounder of
- (a) possibilism () (b) determinism ()
(c) behavioralism () (d) pragmatism ()
7. Which of the following is not an element of culture?
- (a) Cephalic index () (b) Language ()
(c) Religion () (d) Cuisine ()
8. Growth of a population refers to
- (a) the increase in the number of population ()
(b) the decrease in the number of population ()
(c) Both (a) and (b) ()
(d) None of the above ()
9. Which of the following is an important social indicator to measure the extent of gender equality at a given time?
- (a) Age composition ()
(b) Literacy rate ()
(c) Sex ratio ()
(d) Death rate ()
10. The growth of world population over the past two centuries is largely attributed to
- (a) advances in modern medicines ()
(b) improvements in living standards ()
(c) education ()
(d) All of the above ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 15)

Write short notes on *five* of the following, taking at least *one* from each Unit :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Scope of human geography
2. Concept of space

UNIT—II

3. Cultural regions
4. Global distribution of the Christian population

UNIT—III

5. Habitat of the Eskimos
6. Physical environment of the Bushman

UNIT—IV

7. Meaning of population density
8. Sex composition in developing countries

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer *five* questions, taking at least *one* from each Unit :

10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. Define human geography. Explain in brief the nature and significance of human geography. 2+8=10
2. The concept of 'region' is one of the most fundamental concepts in human geography. Explain. 10

UNIT—II

3. Describe the major racial groups and discuss their global distribution. 5+5=10
4. Describe in brief the global distribution of languages in the world. 10

UNIT—III

5. Describe the human adaptation to the environment with special reference to the Gujjars. 10
6. How does the physical environment affect the culture and economy of the Masai? 10

UNIT—IV

7. Describe the global pattern of population distribution with appropriate map. 10
8. Define population composition and describe its key aspects. 10
