Student's Copy

2018

(Pre-CBCS)
(5th Semester)

CHEMISTRY

EIGHTH (B) PAPER [CHEM-354 (B)]

(Industrial Chemistry)

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(*Marks*: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A (*Marks*: 10)

Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

- 1. Ceramics can conduct
 - (a) heat ()
 - (b) electricity ()
 - (c) Both (a) and (b) ()
 - (d) None of the above (
- 2. Lipids are important constituents of
 - (a) nucleus ()
 - (b) ribosome (
 - (c) biological membrane ()
 - (d) All of the above ()
- 3. Urea is an example of
 - (a) nitrogenous fertilizer ()
 - (b) phosphatic fertilizer (
 - (c) potassic fertilizer ()
 - (d) None of the above (

4.	Which is used in preparation of dynamite?
	(a) Glycerol ()
	(b) Ethyl alcohol ()
	(c) Methyl alcohol ()
	(d) Glycol ()
5.	The amount of oxygen required to oxidize only organic matter in sewage is
	(a) turbidity ()
	(b) BOD ()
	(c) COD ()
	(d) DO ()
6.	Which of the following is usually referred to as black gold?
	(a) Coke ()
	(b) Coal tar ()
	(c) Petroleum ()
	(d) Coal ()
7.	Amino acids are the building blocks of
	(a) carbohydrates ()
	(b) nucleic acids ()
	(c) lipids ()
	(d) proteins ()
8.	Which of the following compounds can process the flexibility applications
	of PVC?
	(a) Stabilizers ()
	(b) Lubricants ()
	(c) Plasticizers ()
	(d) Coloring matters ()
9.	The hues red, yellow and orange are generally considered as
	(a) neutral colors ()
	(b) complementary colors ()
	(c) warm colors ()
	(d) high-chroma colors ()
10.	The compounds present in coal tar are separated by the process of
	(a) simple distillation ()
	(b) fractional distillation ()
	(c) destructive distillation ()
	(d) fractional crystallization ()

SECTION—B

(Marks: 15)

ns

refractories.

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

- 1. Define mutation. What is the importance of genetic improvement in product formation?
- **2.** What are fireclays? Write the preparation of fireclay.
- **3.** Write a note on preservation of skins in leather industry.
- **4.** Define octane number. Write two uses of octane number.
- **5.** What are polyamides? Write one preparation of polyamides.

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks*: 50)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. (a) What is LPG? How is it obtained?

1+2=3

(b) Define micronutrient. What are the roles of micronutrients in plant?

1+3=4

(c) Give the formula of china clay. Write the preparation of china clay.

1+2=3

3

OR

- **2.** (a) Describe the steps involved in the preparation of porcelain.
 - (b) Define refractories. How are they classified? Give two uses of 1+2+1=4
 - (c) Write a note on cleansing action of soap.

3

1+2=3

- **3.** (a) Define protein. Write the functions of proteins in our body.
 - (b) Write a note on microbial enzymes. Discuss their applications. 2+2=4
 - (c) What do you understand by food preservation? How does refrigeration help preservation of fruits and vegetables? 1+2=3

OR

- **4.** (a) What do you understand by food chemistry? Write the minor components of foods with an example. 1+3=4
 - (b) Define fermentation. Write the modes of operation in fermentation process. 1+2=3
 - (c) What is recombination? How is it useful in the genetic improvement of product formation? 1+2=3

5.	(a)	What are propellants? How are they classified? Write in brief about a	any
		one of propellants.	+1+2=4
	(b)	Write notes on the processes of dehairing and dyeing of leather.	3
	(c)	Define pollution. Write a note on pollution of water by detergents a	and
		industrial wastes.	1+2=3
		OR	
6.	(a)	What is explosive? Write the explosive characteristics of lead azid	e.
			1+2=3
	(b)	Define thermal pollution. Discuss the sources and control of them	
		pollution.	1+3=4
	(c)	Distinguish between soft water and hard water. Discuss one method	
		softening of hard water.	1+2=3
7.	(a)	Differentiate between water gas and oil gas.	3
	(b)	Define the following:	2×2=4
		(i) Cracking	
		(ii) Synthetic gas	
	(c)	Discuss the origin and composition of coal.	3
		OR	
8.	(a)	What do you understand by coal carbonization?	2
	<i>(b)</i>	What are the differences between synthetic gas and synthetic petrol?	3
	(c)	Write different classes of coal. Discuss 'gasification of coal'.	3+2=5
9.	(a)	What is PVC? Write its uses.	1+2=3
	(b)	Define textile industry. What are the important roles of textile design	er?
			1+3=4
	(c)	Write the preparation and one application of polyethylene.	2+1=3
		OR	
10.	(a)	Differentiate the characteristic features between polymer industry a	
	<i>(</i> 7)	textile industry.	3
	(b)	Define the following:	2×2=4
		(i) Polyesters	
		(ii) Melamine-formaldehyde	
	(c)	Write a note on colour-considerations in textile industry.	3

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