# BOT/VI/CC/21

# **Student's Copy**

#### 2022

# (CBCS)

(6th Semester)

# BOTANY

### ELEVENTH PAPER

### (Plant Metabolism, Biochemistry and Thermodynamics)

Full Marks: 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

# (SECTION: A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks: 10)

Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answer in the brackets provided :  $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

- 1. The transfer of amino group  $(-NH_2)$  of amino acid to carbonyl group of amino acid is called
  - (a) transamination ( )
  - (b) reductive amination ( )
  - (c) amonification ( )
  - (d) nitrate assimilation ( )

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2. On the leading strand, RNA primer is synthesized by

- (a) DNA polymerase ( )
- (b) RNA polymerase ( )
- (c) primasome ( )
- (d) helicase ( )
- **3.** The genetic information in the DNA is transferred to a complementary sequence of RNA and the process is called
  - (a) transcription ( )
  - (b) translation ( )
  - (c) replication ( )
  - (d) termination ()

4. Those enzymes which act away from the site of synthesis are known as

- (a) endoenzymes ( )
- (b) exoenzymes ( )
- (c) coenzymes ( )
- (d) allosteric enzymes ( )

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5. The main pathway of gibberellic acid synthesis has been worked out in

- (a) Cannabis sativa ( )
  (b) Phoenix dactylifera ( )
  (c) Gibberella fujikuroi ( )
  (d) Gibberella caudatus ( )
- **6.** The key enzyme which catalyzes the conversion of SAM and MTA in regulating ethylene biosynthesis is
  - (a) polygalacturonase ( )
  - (b) chlorophyllase ( )
  - (c) ACC synthase ( )
  - (d) adenosylmethionase ( )
- 7. Internally the chloroplast is filled with hydrophilic matrix called as
  - (a) thylakoid ( )
  - *(b)* granum ( )
  - (c) cytosol ( )
  - *(d)* stroma ( )

- **8.** Chlorophyll b is almost identical to chlorophyll a except it has a formyl group in place of
  - (a) amino group ( )
  - (b) methyl group ( )
  - (c) keto group ( )
  - (d) phosphate group ( )
- **9.** The sum of potential energy and kinetic energy present in the system is called
  - (a) Gibbs energy ( )
    (b) entropy ( )
    (c) free energy ( )
  - (d) internal energy ( )
- **10.** If a reaction is being carried out at constant temperature and pressure, the change in quantity is called
  - (a) entropy ( )
  - (b) enthalpy ( )
  - (c) free energy ( )
  - (d) internal energy ( )

# (SECTION : B-SHORT NOTE)

(Marks: 15)

Write short notes on the following :

 $3 \times 5 = 15$ 

#### UNIT—I

1. Synthesis of starch

# OR

2. DNA polymerase

Unit—II

**3.** Proteins

OR

4. Allosteric enzymes

UNIT—III

**5.** Phytohormones

# OR

- 6. Biosynthesis of gibberellins
- UNIT—IV
- 7. Cyclic electron transport

# OR

8. Light harvesting complex

### UNIT—V

9. Concept of free energy

# OR

- 10. Isolated system
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# (SECTION: C-DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks* : 50)

Answer the following questions :

# UNIT—I

- 1. What is nitrogen metabolism? Give an account on nitrogen metabolism.
- OR 2. Write an account on each of the following : 5×2=10
  - (a) Synthesis of cellulose
  - (b) Biosynthesis of pyrimidines

#### UNIT—II

3. What are enzymes? Give an explanatory note on the mechanism of enzyme action. 2+8=10

#### OR

- 4. Write an account on each of the following : 5×2=10
  - (a) Secondary structure of proteins
  - (b) Initiation of protein synthesis

#### UNIT—III

5. Give an account on the biosynthesis and mode of action of cytokinins. 10

#### OR

- **6.** Write short notes on the following : 5×2=10
  - (a) Biosynthesis of ethylene
  - (b) Mode of action of auxins

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[ Contd.

10×5=50

2+8=10

# Unit—IV

7.	Describe the mechanism of pentose phosphate pathway.	10
OR		
8.	Write short notes on the following :	5×2=10
	(a) Reaction centers	
	(b) Chemiosmosis	
	UNIT—V	
9.	Describe the three laws of thermodynamics.	10
	OR	
10.	Write an account on each of the following :	5×2=10
	(a) Internal energy	
	(b) Entropy change	

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