

Professional Course Examination, May 2023

(4th Semester)

BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

(Object-Oriented Programming in C++)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

A. Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. C++ was developed by

- (a) John Backus ()
- (b) Dennis Ritchie ()
- (c) Bjarne Stroustrup ()
- (d) James Gosling ()

2. Which of the following header files includes definition of cin and cout?
- (a) istream ()
 - (b) iomanip ()
 - (c) ostream ()
 - (d) iostream ()
3. Which of the following cannot be inherited by derived class?
- (a) Public data members ()
 - (b) Public member functions ()
 - (c) Protected data members ()
 - (d) Private data members ()
4. A pointer pointing to a variable that is not initialized is called
- (a) null pointer ()
 - (b) void pointer ()
 - (c) empty pointer ()
 - (d) dangling pointer ()
5. Which of the following operators cannot be overloaded?
- (a) :: ()
 - (b) ~ ()
 - (c) - > ()
 - (d) [] ()
6. A function that is expanded in line when it is invoked is
- (a) extension function ()
 - (b) function call ()
 - (c) inline function ()
 - (d) member function ()

7. Which of the following is not the member of class?
- (a) Static function ()
 - (b) Virtual function ()
 - (c) Const function ()
 - (d) Friend function ()
8. Virtual functions in C++ tell the compiler to perform _____ on such functions.
- (a) static binding ()
 - (b) late binding ()
 - (c) compile time binding ()
 - (d) early binding ()
9. Which of the following is the correct way to declare a template?
- (a) `template[]` ()
 - (b) `template()` ()
 - (c) `template<>` ()
 - (d) `template{}` ()
10. Which of the following containers stores the elements in adjacent memory locations?
- (a) `std::vector` ()
 - (b) `std::list` ()
 - (c) `std::map` ()
 - (d) `std::set` ()

B. State whether the following sentences are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark in the brackets provided : 1×5=5

1. Functions and operators overloading are examples of run-time polymorphism.

(T / F)

2. Void pointer is also called as null pointer.

(T / F)

3. Overloaded operators can be overridden.

(T / F)

4. A function can be declared as friend maximum only in two classes.

(T / F)

5. A container is an object that stores or holds data (of same type).

(T / F)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

C. Answer the following questions : 2×5=10

1. (a) Define tokens. What are the different types of tokens?

OR

(b) Write the syntax for switch and do-while statement.

2. (a) What is inline function? Write a program to illustrate inline function.

OR

(b) What are the two ways to define member functions?

3. (a) What are the rules for overloading operators?

OR

(b) What is constructor? Write any four special characteristics of constructor.

4. (a) Briefly explain the 'this' pointer.

OR

(b) What is pure virtual function?

5. (a) What is a stream? What are the C++ stream classes?

OR

(b) What do you mean by file pointer? Explain.

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

D. Answer the following questions :

10×5=50

1. (a) Distinguish between data encapsulation and data abstraction. 4

(b) Explain the basic concepts of object-oriented programming. 6

OR

(c) Describe the classification of C++ data types. 5

(d) What are the main characteristics of object-oriented programming? 5

2. (a) What is friend function? Write a program to illustrate a friend function. 1+4=5

(b) Explain the concept of array of object with a program. 5

OR

(c) Explain the concept of call by reference with a suitable example. 4

(d) What is parameterized constructor? Write a program to explain it. 2+4=6

3. (a) Differentiate between shallow copy and deep copy. 4
(b) What is operator overloading? Write a program to demonstrate overloading unary operators. 1+5=6

OR

- (c) What is a virtual function? Write a program to demonstrate virtual function. 1+5=6
(d) What is destructor? Write any three characteristics of destructor. 1+3=4
4. (a) What is pointer? Write a C++ program to access array contents using pointers. 1+4=5
(b) Write a CPP program to illustrate the run-time polymorphism. 5

OR

- (c) Explain the concept of pointer to object with a program example. 6
(d) Write a C++ program to open and close a file. 2+2=4
5. (a) What is STL? Explain with diagram various components of STL. 1+3=4
(b) Describe the three major categories of containers. 6

OR

- (c) Explain exception handling mechanism. Write a program to illustrate try-catch mechanism. 2+3=5
(b) What is a template? Write a program to explain function template. 1+4=5
