

2 0 2 2

( CBCS )

( 6th Semester )

**POLITICAL SCIENCE**

TWELFTH (B) PAPER

**( Southeast Asia Politics )**

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

**( SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE )**

*( Marks : 10 )*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. ASEAN candidate/observer states are

- (a) Philippines and Myanmar ( )
- (b) East Timor and Papua New Guinea ( )
- (c) Thailand and Vietnam ( )
- (d) Singapore and Indonesia ( )

2. Which is the most populous country in Southeast Asia?

- (a) Cambodia ( )
- (b) Malaysia ( )
- (c) Laos ( )
- (d) Indonesia ( )

- 3.** Who was the Indian Prime Minister who initiated the Look East Policy?
- (a) Rajiv Gandhi ( )
  - (b) P. V. Narasimha Rao ( )
  - (c) Manmohan Singh ( )
  - (d) A. B. Vajpayee ( )
- 4.** The Jawaharlal Nehru Indian Cultural Centre is located in
- (a) Bali ( )
  - (b) Bangkok ( )
  - (c) Jakarta ( )
  - (d) Yangon ( )
- 5.** Which country is India's largest direct trade partner in the ASEAN in the fiscal year, 2020?
- (a) Indonesia ( )
  - (b) Malaysia ( )
  - (c) Philippines ( )
  - (d) Singapore ( )
- 6.** The AIFTA (ASEAN-India Free Trade Area) came into effect on
- (a) 1st January, 2010 ( )
  - (b) 13th October, 2009 ( )
  - (c) 8th August, 2003 ( )
  - (d) 12th November, 2007 ( )
- 7.** India's only land bridge to Southeast Asia is in
- (a) Bangladesh ( )
  - (b) Myanmar ( )
  - (c) Thailand ( )
  - (d) Vietnam ( )

8. Which is the only country in Southeast Asia that was never colonized?
- (a) Thailand ( )
  - (b) Indonesia ( )
  - (c) Malaysia ( )
  - (d) Cambodia ( )
9. Which country is not ASEAN-Plus Three?
- (a) Australia ( )
  - (b) China ( )
  - (c) Japan ( )
  - (d) Republic of Korea (ROK) ( )
10. ASEAN-China Free Trade's Framework Agreement was signed on
- (a) 3rd October, 2018 ( )
  - (b) 7th January, 2012 ( )
  - (c) 5th September, 2000 ( )
  - (d) 4th November, 2002 ( )

**( SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWER )**

( Marks : 15 )

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

Give short answers to the following questions :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Write a short note on the economic conditions in Southeast Asia.

**OR**

2. Write a brief note on the geography of Southeast Asian politics.

UNIT—II

3. What are the main reasons why Indian Foreign Policy focuses on Southeast Asian nations?

**OR**

4. Analyze the importance of Kaladan Multi-Modal Transit Transport Project (KMMTP) with reference to Indian Foreign Policy.

UNIT—III

5. Briefly explain India's economic engagement with ASEAN.

**OR**

6. Why is China more influential than India in Southeast Asian Countries?

UNIT—IV

7. Write a short note on India and Thailand economic relations.

**OR**

8. Write a brief note on India-South Korea relations.

UNIT—V

9. What is AJCEP?

**OR**

10. Examine the effects of South China Sea disputes on ASEAN-China relations.

**( SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE )**

( Marks : 50 )

*The questions are of equal value*

UNIT—I

1. Discuss the significance of studying Southeast Asian Politics.

**OR**

2. Explain the cultural context of Southeast Asian Politics.

UNIT—II

3. Describe the importance of Southeast Asia for Indian Foreign Policy.

**OR**

4. Discuss the drawbacks of India's Foreign Policy on Southeast Asia post-1980 till date.

UNIT—III

5. Explain the strategic engagement in the India-ASEAN relationship.

**OR**

6. Discuss China as a main factor in the relationship between India and Southeast Asia.

UNIT—IV

7. Discuss India's economic relations with Indonesia.

**OR**

8. How is Myanmar strategically important for India's Act East policy?

UNIT—V

9. Discuss the Japanese Foreign Policy on Southeast Asian Nations.

**OR**

10. Analyze the position and role of China in Southeast Asia.

\*\*\*