2023

(CBCS)

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

SECOND PAPER

(Indian Government and Politics)

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)

(*Marks*: 10)

Tick (\checkmark) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

 $1 \times 10 = 10$

- 1. The Preamble to the Constitution of India aims to secure to its citizens(a) justice, liberty, equality, authority ()(b) justice, equality, fraternity, authority ()
 - (a) justice, equality, fraternity (
 - (c) justice, liberty, equality, fraternity ()
 - (d) justice, rights, federalism, freedom ()
- **2.** Who introduced Objective Resolution to guide the framing of the Indian Constitution?
 - (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad ()
 - (b) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar ()
 - (c) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru ()
 - (d) Mahatma Gandhi (

3.	Article 368 deals with					
	(a)	Financial Emergency ()				
	(b)	Amendment Procedure ()				
	(c)	UPSC ()				
	(d)	Fundamental Rights ()				
4.	. National Emergency can be proclaimed in the country under					
	(a)	Article 352 ()				
	(b)	Article 356 ()				
	(c)	Article 360 ()				
	(d)	Article 370 ()				
5.	India is Republic because the President of India is					
	(a)	hereditary ruler ()				
	(b)	elected for a fixed term ()				
	(c)	nominated ruler ()				
(d) directly elected by the people ()						
6						
6. The ex officio Chairman of the Rajya Sabha is						
	(a)	the President of India ()				
	(b) (c)	the Prime Minister of India ()				
	the Vice President of India ()					
	(d)	the Deputy Speaker of the Lok Sabha ()				
7.		ich Article of the Indian Constitution provides for the Election nmission?				
	(a)	Article 324 ()				
	(b)	Article 200 ()				
	(c)	Article 160 ()				
	(d)	Article 150 ()				

8.	The framers of the Constitution of India borrowed the idea of Judic Review from the Constitution of	cial					
	(a) France ()						
	(b) UK ()						
	(c) USA () (d) China ()						
0							
9.	9. Which of the following is a regional party?(a) CPI (Communist Party of India) ()						
	(b) AGP (Asom Gana Parishad) ()						
	(c) BSP (Bahujan Samaj Party) ()						
	(d) Indian National Congress ()						
10.	Panchayati Raj Institution was first introduced in (a) Gujarat () (b) Haryana () (c) Rajasthan ()						
	(d) Bihar ()						
	(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWER)						
	(<i>Marks</i> : 15)						
Ansv	wer the following:	3×5=15					
	Unit—I						
1.	1. Write a note on the Right to Freedom of Religion.						
	OR						
2.	2. Write a short note on the Directive Principles of State Policy.						
	Unit—II						
3.	Write down any three effects of State Emergency.						

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4. Write a note on the nature of Indian federalism.

UNIT—III

5. Write down any three functions of the Prime Minister of India.

OR

6. Describe any three functions of the Chief Minister.

UNIT—IV

7. Describe the composition of the Election Commission of India.

OR

8. Write a note on Judicial Review.

UNIT-V

9. Explain the meaning of communalism.

OR

10. Write briefly on the 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act.

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks* : 50)

Answer the following:

 $10 \times 5 = 50$

UNIT—I

1. Explain, in detail, the ideals enshrined in the Preamble to the Indian Constitution.

OR

2. Write an essay on the Fundamental Rights of Indian citizens.

UNIT—II

3. Discuss the major tension areas between the Centre and the States.

OR

4. Discuss the amendment procedures of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT—III

5. Discuss the powers and functions of the President of India.

OR

6. Examine the powers and functions of the Governor of a State.

UNIT-IV

7. Examine the composition and powers and functions of the Supreme Court.

OR

8. Discuss the powers and functions of the Election Commission of India.

UNIT-V

9. Define Regionalism. What are the various factors responsible for the growth of regionalism in India?

OR

10. Discuss the working of municipalities in India with special reference to the 74th Amendment to the Constitution of India.

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