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(NEP-2020)

(2nd Semester)

POLITICAL SCIENCE (MAJOR/MINOR)

(Forms of Government)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. Which branch of Government is responsible for making law?

- (a) Executive ☒ ()
- (b) Legislature ()
- (c) Judiciary ()
- (d) Administration ()

2. The main function of the executive branch of Government is

- (a) enforcing laws ()
- (b) creating laws ()
- (c) interpreting laws ()
- (d) reviewing laws ()

3. The power to interpret laws and settle disputes falls under which branch of Government?
- (a) Executive ()
 - (b) Legislature ()
 - (c) Judiciary ()
 - (d) Administration ()
4. In unitary form of Government
- (a) all the powers are divided between the Centre and the State Government ()
 - (b) all the powers are with the citizens ()
 - (c) State Government has all the powers ()
 - (d) power is concentrated with the Central Government ()
5. The word 'federalism' is derived from the ____ 'foedus'.
- (a) French word ()
 - (b) Greek word ()
 - (c) Latin word ()
 - (d) None of the above ()
6. In a federation, the federating units derive power from
- (a) Central Government ()
 - (b) President ()
 - (c) Constitution ()
 - (d) Governor ()
7. Representative Government is also known as
- (a) Direct democracy ()
 - (b) Indirect democracy ()
 - (c) Communist democracy ()
 - (d) Elitist democracy ()

8. Who described democracy as "a form of government in which everyone has a share"?
- (a) John Seeley ()
 - (b) J. S. Mill ()
 - (c) Bryce ()
 - (d) None of them ()
9. Mussolini's motto to the youth organization of Italy was
- (a) to have faith in god ()
 - (b) to fight with force ()
 - (c) to believe, to obey, to fight ()
 - (d) to be strong ()
10. Which one of the following is a feature of dictatorship?
- (a) Freedom of press and mass media ()
 - (b) It is an outcome, directly or indirectly, of militarism ()
 - (c) Free and fair election ()
 - (d) Role of parties and interest groups ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 15)

Answer *five* questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Write differences between Uni-cameral and Bi-cameral Legislature.
2. Explain the meaning of judicial review.

UNIT—II

3. What is Unitary Government?
4. Write three differences between Unitary and Federal Government.

UNIT—III

5. Explain the meaning of Hung Parliament.
6. Discuss the concept of separation of powers.

UNIT—IV

7. Write three merits of democracy.
8. Mention three types of dictatorship.

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer *five* questions, selecting at least *one* from each Unit : 10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. What is legislature? Explain the main functions of legislature. 3+7=10
2. What does the term 'executive' mean? Discuss the various types of executive. 3+7=10

UNIT—II

3. Discuss, in detail, the features of Unitary form of Government. 10
4. What is a federal form of Government? Describe its main features. 3+7=10

UNIT—III

5. Discuss the basic characteristics of parliamentary form of Government. 10
6. What is the presidential system of Government? Discuss its main features. 3+7=10

UNIT—IV

7. Define democracy. Discuss the different types of democracy. 3+7=10
8. What is dictatorship? Enumerate its main features. 3+7=10
