

**2 0 2 4**

( CBCS )

( 6th Semester )

**HISTORY**

ELEVENTH PAPER

( **Modern India—II** )

*Full Marks : 75*

*Time : 3 hours*

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions*

( **SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE** )

( *Marks : 10* )

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

**1.** *The Bengalee* was a vernacular newspaper of

- (a) Aurobindo Ghosh (    )
- (b) Gokhale (    )
- (c) B. G. Tilak (    )
- (d) Surendra Nath Banerjee (    )

**2.** The Indian nationalist known as 'Grand Old Man of India' was

- (a) Aurobindo Ghosh (    )
- (b) Surendra Nath Banerjee (    )
- (c) Dadabhai Naoroji (    )
- (d) B. G. Tilak (    )

3. The Jallianwala Bagh Massacre took place on  
 (a) April 13, 1919 ( ) (b) May 10, 1920 ( )  
 (c) October 6, 1921 ( ) (d) August 15, 1918 ( )
4. Who was the political Guru of Gandhi?  
 (a) Justice Ranade ( ) (b) A. O. Hume ( )  
 (c) Bal Gangadhar Tilak ( ) (d) Gokhale ( )
5. Which period is known as 'Gandhian Era' or 'Age of Gandhi'?  
 (a) 1885–1905 ( ) (b) 1905–1919 ( )  
 (c) 1919–1947 ( ) (d) 1930–1947 ( )
6. The Mission/Commission which came to India during the Second World War was  
 (a) Simon Commission ( ) (b) Cripps Mission ( )  
 (c) Cabinet Mission ( ) (d) Special Mission ( )
7. The Hindu Mahasabha was founded in  
 (a) 1905 ( ) (b) 1910 ( )  
 (c) 1915 ( ) (d) 1920 ( )
8. The Two-Nation Theory widened the gulf between  
 (a) Moderate and Extremist leaders ( )  
 (b) Gandhi and Nehru ( )  
 (c) Hindu and Muslim ( )  
 (d) Muslim and Christians ( )
9. When India got independence from Great Britain in 1947, the Prime Minister of Great Britain was  
 (a) Clement Attlee ( )  
 (b) Winston Churchill ( )  
 (c) Margaret Thatcher ( )  
 (d) Tony Blair ( )
10. The Partition of India in 1947 was chiefly caused by  
 (a) British rule in India ( )  
 (b) short-sightedness of Indian nationalist leaders ( )  
 (c) refusal of Muslims to join the Indian National Movement ( )  
 (d) growth of communalism ( )

**( SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS )**

( Marks : 15 )

Answer the following questions in not more than 5 sentences each :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. What is the 'Safety Valve Theory'?

**OR**

2. Who was A. O. Hume?

UNIT—II

3. What was the Chauri-Chaura Incident?

**OR**

4. Write a short note on famous Dandi March.

UNIT—III

5. What do you know about the 'Breakdown Plan'?

**OR**

6. Write a short note on Cabinet Mission.

UNIT—IV

7. Who was M. A. Jinnah?

**OR**

8. What was the aim of the Akali Dal Movement?

UNIT—V

9. Write a note on Interim Government of 2nd September, 1946.

**OR**

10. Write a short note on the Mountbatten Plan.

**( SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE )**

( Marks : 50 )

Answer the following questions :

10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. Write an essay on the pre-Congress political associations.

**OR**

2. Who were the Moderates and the Extremists? What was their role in Indian politics?

UNIT—II

3. Analyze the successes and failures of the Non-Cooperation Movement.

**OR**

4. Why did Mahatma Gandhi launch Quit India Movement? What were its outcomes?

UNIT—III

5. What were the main provisions of the Morley-Minto Reforms? What were its shortcomings?

**OR**

6. Assess the Simon Commission and the Nehru Report that followed it.

UNIT—IV

7. Trace the development of Communalism which resulted into the Partition of India.

**OR**

8. Trace the origin of the Muslim League and examine its demand.

UNIT—V

9. Discuss the contributions of the Indian National Army in India's struggle for freedom.

**OR**

10. How were the Princely States integrated into the Indian Union?

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