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(CBCS)

(6th Semester)

HISTORY

NINTH PAPER

(Modern World History)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. The first steam engine, used for pumping water from mine shafts, was invented in 1711 by

(a) William Blake () (b) James Watt ()
(c) Matthew Boulton () (d) Thomas Newcomen ()

2. The expression, 'angel in the house', refers to

(a) London prostitute ()
(b) the Victorian middle-class woman ()
(c) an essay by John Stuart Mill ()
(d) a London domestic servant ()

3. Napoleon was defeated in the

(a) Crimean War ()	(b) Battle of Waterloo ()
(c) Battle of Plassey ()	(d) Seven Weeks' War ()
4. Which country was not a member of the Holy Alliance?

(a) Belgium ()	(b) Britain ()
(c) Russia ()	(d) Prussia ()
5. 'The White Man's Burden' was a notorious concept popularized by

(a) Karl Pearson ()	(b) Rudyard Kipling ()
(c) Cecil Rhodes ()	(d) Joseph Chamberlain ()
6. The first country to admit women to medical schools for training as medical doctors was

(a) Britain ()	(b) Germany ()
(c) France ()	(d) Switzerland ()
7. One new weapon that added a frightening dimension to daily warfare was

(a) poison gas ()	(b) tank ()
(c) machine gun ()	(d) barbed wire ()
8. The success of the Italian fascist movement depends on the leadership of

(a) Victor Emmanuel ()
(b) Giuseppe Mazzini ()
(c) Benito Mussolini ()
(d) Vittorio Orlando ()
9. The World War II began on September 1, 1939, with the German invasion of

(a) Poland ()	(b) the Soviet Union ()
(c) the Sudetenland ()	(d) Belgium ()
10. The Operation Barbarossa was the code name for

(a) the Allied invasion of Berlin ()
(b) the Russian invasion of Belgium ()
(c) the German invasion of Russia ()
(d) the Normandy invasion ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 15)

Answer the following questions in not more than *five* sentences each : 3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Why would you consider the fact that industrialization's roots lay in agriculture?

OR

2. Who were the Navvies?

UNIT—II

3. Why was the Corn Law repealed in 1846?

OR

4. What were the three components of Liberalism?

UNIT—III

5. Projects such as the Suez Canal changed literally the landscape and the map of the world. Why?

OR

6. Who was the 'New Woman'?

UNIT—IV

7. Mention the roles played by women in the First World War.

OR

8. Why did democracy decline during the interwar period?

UNIT—V

9. What was the Polish Corridor? What event set off the beginning the Second World War?

OR

10. What made the Second World War a horrifying unique event?

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer the following questions :

10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. What were the effects of the Industrial Revolution?

OR

2. Explain the beginning of class consciousness in the 19th Century.

UNIT—II

3. Give an account of the rise of Napoleon Bonaparte to power.

OR

4. Discuss the Unification of Italy.

UNIT—III

5. What do you mean by 'Scramble for Africa'? Explain its effects.

OR

6. Discuss the Women's Suffrage Movement in the 19th Century.

UNIT—IV

7. Discuss the factors responsible for the outbreak of the First World War.

OR

8. Explain the rise of Nazism under Hitler in Germany.

UNIT—V

9. What was the Holocaust? What role did the Nazis play in it?

OR

10. Define 'Manhattan Project' and its effect in the Second World War.
