

Professional Course Examination, May 2024

(CBCS)

(6th Semester)

BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

(Mobile Computing)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 25)

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

A. Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. What is the key difference between mobile computing and wireless networking?
 - (a) Mobile computing refers to the use of mobile devices, while wireless networking refers to the communication infrastructure ()
 - (b) Mobile computing is only concerned with software applications, while wireless networking deals with hardware components ()
 - (c) Mobile computing focuses on data processing, while wireless networking focuses on data transmission ()
 - (d) Mobile computing and wireless networking are synonymous terms ()

2. SMS service is first used in

(a) 1G ()

(b) 2G ()

(c) 3G ()

(d) 4G ()

3. What is the primary purpose of Mobile IP?

(a) To optimize routing tables in fixed networks ()

(b) To provide seamless connectivity for mobile devices as they move across networks ()

(c) To encrypt data transmitted over wireless networks ()

(d) To improve battery life of mobile devices ()

4. Which of the following is a key mechanism in Mobile IP?

(a) Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) ()

(b) Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) ()

(c) Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) ()

(d) Home Agent and Foreign Agent Communication ()

5. In UMTS, what technology is used for the air interface?

- (a) Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) ()
- (b) Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) ()
- (c) Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA) ()
- (d) Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) ()

6. UMTS is also known as

- (a) IS-95 ()
- (b) GPRS ()
- (c) CDMA One ()
- (d) W-CDMA ()

7. What defines the primary characteristic of a Mobile Ad-hoc Network (MANET)?

- (a) Centralized control of network resources ()
- (b) Fixed infrastructure with predefined routing paths ()
- (c) Dynamic topology with self-configuring nodes ()
- (d) Exclusive reliance on wired connections ()

8. What is the primary difference between MANETs and Vehicular Ad-hoc Networks (VANET)?
- (a) VANETs have a fixed network infrastructure, while MANETs do not ()
 - (b) VANETs primarily involve communication between vehicles while MANETs involve communication between any mobile devices ()
 - (c) MANETs are more susceptible to security threats compared to VANETs ()
 - (d) VANETs are designed for indoor communication, while MANETs are for outdoor environments ()
9. Which of the following is a commercial mobile operating system?
- (a) LINUX ()
 - (b) Ubuntu ()
 - (c) Android ()
 - (d) macOS ()
10. What is a characteristic of mCommerce (mobile commerce)?
- (a) It only involves transactions between businesses ()
 - (b) It excludes online shopping ()
 - (c) It allows users to make purchase using mobile devices ()
 - (d) It requires physical presence in a store ()

B. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. WiFi router is a fixed and wireless-type.

(T / F)

2. Mobile IP enables users to keep different IP address while travelling to a different network.

(T / F)

3. The main advantages of UMTS over GSM is higher data transmission speeds.

(T / F)

4. MANET is a sub-class of VANET.

(T / F)

5. The first Android OS was released by Google in 20th September, 2008 by the name of 'Astro'.

(T / F)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

C. Answer any *five* of the following questions :

2×5=10

1. (a) Write a short note on 4G cellular system.

OR

- (b) What is MAC protocol?

2. (a) Explain mobile Internet protocol.

OR

- (b) Differentiate between home agent and foreign agent.

3. (a) What is the difference between BTS and BSC in GPRS technology?

OR

- (b) What are the benefits of GPRS technology?

4. (a) What is on-demand routing?

OR

- (b) What are the applications of VANETs?

5. (a) What is the newest release of Android OS?

OR

- (b) Write a note on SDK.

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer the following questions :

10×5=50

1. (a) Explain the concept of mobile computing. Write the characteristics of mobile computing. 5
- (b) Write the differences between mobile computing and wireless networking. 5

OR

- (c) Write the comparison between TDMA and FDMA. 5
- (d) Explain Random Assignment Protocols. 5
2. (a) Explain the meaning and components of Mobile IP. 5
- (b) Describe the working function of route optimization in Mobile IP. 5

OR

- (c) Explain any two protocols to improve the performance of TCP. 5
- (d) Describe the overview of TCP/IP. 5
3. (a) Explain the architecture of GPRS with a suitable diagram. 10

OR

- (b) Explain the following : 5×2=10
- (i) Global System for Mobile (GSM) communication
- (ii) Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS)

4. (a) Describe the basic concepts of mobile ad-hoc networks and mention its applications. 10

OR

- (b) Describe the differences between MANETs and VANETs. 10

5. (a) Explain mobile device operating system with examples. 5

- (b) Explain any two types of mobile operating system constraints. 5

OR

- (c) Explain any three types of mobile payment systems. 5

- (d) Describe security issues of mobile payment systems. 5

Professional Course Examination, May 2024

(CBCS)

(6th Semester)

BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS**(Mobile Computing)**

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)**

(Marks : 25)

SECTION—I

(Marks : 15)

A. Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided : 1×10=10

1. What is the key difference between mobile computing and wireless networking?
 - (a) Mobile computing refers to the use of mobile devices, while wireless networking refers to the communication infrastructure ()
 - (b) Mobile computing is only concerned with software applications, while wireless networking deals with hardware components ()
 - (c) Mobile computing focuses on data processing, while wireless networking focuses on data transmission ()
 - (d) Mobile computing and wireless networking are synonymous terms ()

2. SMS service is first used in

(a) 1G ()

(b) 2G ()

(c) 3G ()

(d) 4G ()

3. What is the primary purpose of Mobile IP?

(a) To optimize routing tables in fixed networks ()

(b) To provide seamless connectivity for mobile devices as they move across networks ()

(c) To encrypt data transmitted over wireless networks ()

(d) To improve battery life of mobile devices ()

4. Which of the following is a key mechanism in Mobile IP?

(a) Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) ()

(b) Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) ()

(c) Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) ()

(d) Home Agent and Foreign Agent Communication ()

5. In UMTS, what technology is used for the air interface?

- (a) Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) ()
- (b) Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA) ()
- (c) Frequency Division Multiple Access (FDMA) ()
- (d) Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM) ()

6. UMTS is also known as

- (a) IS-95 ()
- (b) GPRS ()
- (c) CDMA One ()
- (d) W-CDMA ()

7. What defines the primary characteristic of a Mobile Ad-hoc Network (MANET)?

- (a) Centralized control of network resources ()
- (b) Fixed infrastructure with predefined routing paths ()
- (c) Dynamic topology with self-configuring nodes ()
- (d) Exclusive reliance on wired connections ()

8. What is the primary difference between MANETs and Vehicular Ad-hoc Networks (VANET)?

- (a) VANETs have a fixed network infrastructure, while MANETs do not ()
- (b) VANETs primarily involve communication between vehicles while MANETs involve communication between any mobile devices ()
- (c) MANETs are more susceptible to security threats compared to VANETs ()
- (d) VANETs are designed for indoor communication, while MANETs are for outdoor environments ()

9. Which of the following is a commercial mobile operating system?

- (a) LINUX ()
- (b) Ubuntu ()
- (c) Android ()
- (d) macOS ()

10. What is a characteristic of mCommerce (mobile commerce)?

- (a) It only involves transactions between businesses ()
- (b) It excludes online shopping ()
- (c) It allows users to make purchase using mobile devices ()
- (d) It requires physical presence in a store ()

B. State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* by putting a Tick (✓) mark : 1×5=5

1. WiFi router is a fixed and wireless-type.

(T / F)

2. Mobile IP enables users to keep different IP address while travelling to a different network.

(T / F)

3. The main advantages of UMTS over GSM is higher data transmission speeds.

(T / F)

4. MANET is a sub-class of VANET.

(T / F)

5. The first Android OS was released by Google in 20th September, 2008 by the name of 'Astro'.

(T / F)

SECTION—II

(Marks : 10)

C. Answer any five of the following questions :

2×5=10

1. (a) Write a short note on 4G cellular system.

OR

- (b) What is MAC protocol?

2. (a) Explain mobile Internet protocol.

OR

- (b) Differentiate between home agent and foreign agent.

3. (a) What is the difference between BTS and BSC in GPRS technology?

OR

- (b) What are the benefits of GPRS technology?

4. (a) What is on-demand routing?

OR

- (b) What are the applications of VANETs?

5. (a) What is the newest release of Android OS?

OR

- (b) Write a note on SDK.

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks : 50)

Answer the following questions :

10×5=50

1. (a) Explain the concept of mobile computing. Write the characteristics of mobile computing. 5
- (b) Write the differences between mobile computing and wireless networking. 5

OR

- (c) Write the comparison between TDMA and FDMA. 5
- (d) Explain Random Assignment Protocols. 5
2. (a) Explain the meaning and components of Mobile IP. 5
- (b) Describe the working function of route optimization in Mobile IP. 5

OR

- (c) Explain any two protocols to improve the performance of TCP. 5
- (d) Describe the overview of TCP/IP. 5
3. (a) Explain the architecture of GPRS with a suitable diagram. 10

OR

- (b) Explain the following : 5×2=10
- (i) Global System for Mobile (GSM) communication
- (ii) Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS)

- (a) Describe the basic concepts of mobile ad-hoc networks and mention its applications.

OR

- (b) Describe the differences between MANETs and VANETs.
- (a) Explain mobile device operating system with examples.
- (b) Explain any two types of mobile operating system constraints.

OR

- (c) Explain any three types of mobile payment systems.
- (d) Describe security issues of mobile payment systems.
