2 0 2 3 (CBCS)

# POLITICAL SCIENCE

SIXTH PAPER

(International Relations)

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

( SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE )

( Marks: 10 )

Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

 $1 \times 10 = 10$ 

, ,	in the brackets provided .
The	main actors in International Relations are
(a)	State actors ( )
(b)	non-State actors ( )
(c)	individuals ( )
(d)	civil societies ( )
Who	first used the term 'international?
(a)	Hans J. Morgenthau ( )
(b)	Woodrow Wilson ( )
(c)	Hegel ( )
(d)	Jeremy Bentham ( )
	(a) (b) (c) (d) Who (a) (b) (c)

Э.	1110	reaty of Westphalia (1648) resulted in
	(a)	ending the Pope's right to interfere in the affairs of State ( )
	(b)	ending the Thirty Years' War in Europe ( )
	(c)	the concept of State getting full recognition ( )
	(d)	All of the above ( )
4.	Imp	perialism and colonialism are the methods of promoting
	(a)	balance of power ( )
	(b)	national interest ( )
	(c)	diplomacy ( )
	(d)	foreign policy ( )
5.	The	Afro-Asian Conference in 1955, attended by 29 countries, was held in
	(a)	Baku ( )
	(b)	Belgrade ( )
	(c)	Cairo ( )
	(d)	Bandung ( )
6.	V. I	K. Menon coined the term
	(a)	Third World ( )
	(b)	Underdeveloped World ( )
	(c)	Non-Aligned Movement ( )
	(d)	Third Block ( )
7.	The	North Atlantic Treaty of NATO was signed in the year
	(a)	1947 ( )
	(b)	1948 ( )
	(c)	1949 ( )
	(d)	1950 ( )
8.	In	order to counteract American Power, Russia signed
	(a)	the Southeast Asia Treaty ( )
	(b)	the Warsaw Pact ( )
	(c)	the ANZUS Treaty ( )
	(d)	the North Atlantic Treaty ( )

9. The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) was opened for signature on	i
(a) 1st July, 1968 ( )	
(b) 1st August, 1968 ( )	
(c) 2nd July, 1968 ( )	
(d) 2nd August, 1968 ( )	
10. Which among the following is not a feature of Old Diplomacy?	
(a) Mainly European ( )	
(b) Openness ( )	
(c) Big power affair ( )	
(d) Secrecy ( )	
( SECTION : B-short Answers )	
•	
( Marks : 15 )	
Write on/Answer the following in 4/5 sentences each:	×5=15
Unit—I	
1. Three tenets of Realism	
OR	
2. What is Bipolarization?	
Unit—II	
3. Three types of National Interest	
OR	
4. Meaning of sovereign Nation-State system	
Unit—III	
5. Meaning of Third World	
OR	
6. Origin of NAM	

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7. Write briefly on the impact of the Cold War.

OR

8. Meaning of Détente

UNIT-V

9. What are the functions of Diplomacy?

10. Alliances and counter-alliances as techniques of Balance of Power

( SECTION : C-DESCRIPTIVE )

( Marks : 50 )

Answer the following questions:

10×5=50

UNIT-I

1. Write the meaning and nature of International Relations.

OR

2. Analyze the idealist approach to the study of International Relations.

UNIT-II

3. Discuss the elements of National Power.

4. Examine the methods for the promotion of National Interest.

Unit—III

5. Discuss the emergence of Third World in International Relations.

6. "Non-Alignment is more relevant than ever." Discuss this statement in the light of the impact of NAM in the post-World War II.

7. Examine the various causes of the Cold War.

#### OR

8. Examine the various reasons for the end of the Cold War.

# Unit-V

Explain the functioning of the UN Collective Security System during the Cold War.

#### OR

10. Write an essay on the need for disarmament.

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2023 (CBCS) (5th Semester) POLITICAL SCIENCE SIXTH PAPER (International Relations) Full Marks: 75 Time: 3 hours The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions ( SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE ) ( Marks: 10 ) Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided:  $1 \times 10 = 10$ 1. The main actors in International Relations are (a) State actors (b) non-State actors ( (c) individuals (d) civil societies ( ) 2. Who first used the term 'international'? (a) Hans J. Morgenthau (b) Woodrow Wilson (c) Hegel (

(d) Jeremy Bentham

3.	The	Treaty of Westphalia (1648) resulted in
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( SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS )	
( <i>Marks</i> : 15 )	
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OR	
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Unit—II	
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OR	
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