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(CBCS)

(5th Semester)

GEOGRAPHY

FIFTH PAPER

(**Geographical Thought**)

(Revised)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)

(*Marks* : 10)

Put a Tick (✓) mark against the correct answer in the brackets provided :   1×10=10

1. The Greek scholar who is known as the father of Geography was
   (a) Posidonius   (   )
   (b) Eratosthenes   (   )
   (c) Anaximander   (   )
   (d) Hipparchus   (   )

2. The voluminous introduction to world history written by Ibn Khaldun was
   (a) *Muqaddimah*   (   )
   (b) *Kitab-al-Hind*   (   )
   (c) *Kitabul Ashkal*   (   )
   (d) *Kitab al-Awsat*   (   )

3. Who founded the Berlin Geographical Society?
   (a) Immanuel Kant   (   )
   (b) Alexander von Humboldt   (   )
   (c) Varenius   (   )
   (d) Carl Ritter   (   )

1 | *Contd.*

4. The work of Immanuel Kant is entitled as

(a) Geographica ( )   (b) Kosmos ( )

(c) Ankundingung ( )   (d) Erdkunde ( )

5. Carl O. Sauer's monumental work is entitled as

(a) Anthropogeographie ( )

(b) Historical Memoirs ( )

(c) The Morphology of Landscape ( )

(d) Erdkunde ( )

6. Who wrote, "Man is a product of the earth's surface. This means not merely that he is a child of the earth, dust of her dust; but that ...." ?

(a) E. C. Semple ( )   (b) F. Ratzel ( )

(c) Vidal de La Blache ( )   (d) Lucien Febvre ( )

7. The term 'areal differentiation' was coined and used by

(a) Carl O. Sauer ( )   (b) W. M. Davis ( )

(c) Lucien Febvre ( )   (d) Richard Hartshorne ( )

8. The concept of 'space' in geography is related to

(a) time duration ( )   (b) earth surface ( )

(c) universe ( )   (d) cosmology ( )

9. Adopting an interdisciplinary approach for theory building and problem solving is one of the objectives of

(a) quantitative revolution ( )

(b) post-modern geography ( )

(c) radical geography ( )

(d) behavioural geography ( )

10. The issues of great social relevance like inequality, racism, sexism, crime, delinquency, discrimination against black and non-whites, females, etc., led to the development of

(a) humanism ( )

(b) behaviouralism ( )

(c) radicalism ( )

(d) neo-determinism ( )

(*Marks* : 15)

Write short notes on the following :   3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Contribution of Al-Idrisi

OR

2. Geocentric Universe and Heliocentric Universe

UNIT—II

3. *Die Erdkunde*

OR

4. Immanuel Kant

UNIT—III

5. Heartland theory of Mackinder

OR

6. Stop and go determinism

UNIT—IV

7. Spatial science

OR

8. Areal differentiation

UNIT—V

9. Behaviouralism in geography

OR

10. Two salient features of behavioural geography

(**SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE**)

(*Marks* : 50)

Answer the following questions :   10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. Evaluate the contribution of the Greek scholars towards the development of geography in the ancient period.   10

OR

2. Narrate the contribution of the Roman geographers to the development of geographical ideas during the Roman period.   10

3. Give an account of the contributions of Varenius to the development of geography during the classical period of modern geography. 10

OR

4. Narrate the contributions made by Alexander von Humboldt to the development of geography during the early period of modern geography. 10

5. What do you mean by determinism? Mention the contribution of Friedrich Ratzel or Ellen Churchill Semple for the development of deterministic approach in geography. 2+8=10

OR

6. What do you mean by possibilism? Mention the contribution of Vidal de La Blache to the development of possibilistic approach in geography. 2+8=10

7. Define region. Describe the emergence of regional geography. 2+8=10

OR

8. Evaluate the development and impacts of quantitative revolution in geography. 10

9. Describe the emergence of humanistic approach in geography. 10

OR

10. Give a brief description of the development of radical geography. 10

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(a) time duration   ( )   (b) earth surface   ( )

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10. The issues of great social relevance like inequality, racism, sexism, crime, delinquency, discrimination against black and non-whites, females, etc., led to the development of

(a) humanism   ( )

(b) behaviouralism   ( )

(c) radicalism   ( )

(d) neo-determinism   ( )

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(*Marks* : 15)

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UNIT—II

3. *Die Erdkunde*

OR

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UNIT—III

5. Heartland theory of Mackinder

OR

6. Stop and go determinism

UNIT—IV

7. Spatial science

OR

8. Areal differentiation

UNIT—V

9. Behaviouralism in geography

OR

10. Two salient features of behavioural geography

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)

(*Marks* : 50)

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UNIT—IV

7. Define region. Describe the emergence of regional geography. 2+8=10

OR

8. Evaluate the development and impacts of quantitative revolution in geography. 10

UNIT—V

9. Describe the emergence of humanistic approach in geography. 10

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