

2023

(CBCS)

(5th Semester)

GEOGRAPHY

FIFTH PAPER

(Geographical Thought)

(Pre-revised)

Full Marks : 75

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions***(SECTION : A—OBJECTIVE)**

(Marks : 10)

Tick (✓) the correct answer in the brackets provided :

1×10=10

1. Hipparchus was a Greek astronomer and mathematician who invented an instrument known as

(a) Astrolabe () (b) Almagest ()
(c) Obelisk () (d) Gnomon ()

2. Strabo's geographical account brings together all the then known geographical knowledge in the form of geographical treatise named as

(a) Historical Memoir () (b) Geographica ()
(c) Anthropogeography () (d) Ges Periodos ()

3. The book, *Erdkunde* was written by

(a) Humboldt () (b) Kant ()
(c) Carl Ritter () (d) Ratzel ()

4. Which theory has highlighted the geo-political significance of the Central Asia Region saying that this region holds the key to global supremacy?
- (a) Rimland theory ()
 (b) Organic theory of State ()
 (c) Central-place theory ()
 (d) Heartland theory ()
5. The concept of 'paradigm' was propounded by
- (a) Peet () (b) Haggett ()
 (c) Kant () (d) S. Thomas Kuhn ()
6. Regional geography helps in identifying the
- (a) realms () (b) regions ()
 (c) distributions () (d) problems ()
7. Spatial science was formulated during the quantitative revolution and is closely associated with the
- (a) movement of humanism ()
 (b) philosophy of radicalism ()
 (c) philosophy of positivism ()
 (d) Doctrine of Darwinism ()
8. Behaviouralism in geography is an idea of
- (a) classical period ()
 (b) high medieval period ()
 (c) late medieval period ()
 (d) modern period ()
9. A term introduced in the 1970s as a reaction to the spatial science and positivism is
- (a) radicalism () (b) existentialism ()
 (c) humanism () (d) behaviouralism ()

10. The components of post-modern geography are

- (a) post-modernism as an object or an era ()
- (b) post-modernism as an attitude ()
- (c) post-modernism as style ()
- (d) All of the above ()

(SECTION : B—SHORT ANSWERS)

(Marks : 15)

Answer/Write short notes on the following :

3×5=15

UNIT—I

1. Explain 'Gnomon' of Anaximander.

OR

2. Ptolemy

UNIT—II

3. Write what you know about 'Cosmography' of Humboldt.

OR

4. What is 'Genre de vie' of Vidal de la Blache?

UNIT—III

5. Write the meaning of 'paradigm' in geography.

OR

6. How do you explain 'possibilism'?

UNIT—IV

7. Write five objectives of behaviouralism.

OR

8. What is systems theory?

UNIT—V

9. Radical geography

OR

10. Post-modern geography

(SECTION : C—DESCRIPTIVE)**(Marks : 50)**

Answer the following questions :

10×5=50

UNIT—I

1. Discuss the geographical ideas of ancient Greek scholars to the evolution of geography as a discipline. 10

OR

2. Discuss the role of Arab geographers for the growth and advancement of geography during the medieval period. 10

UNIT—II

3. Elaborate the contributions of British geographers in the early modern period. 10

OR

4. Explain the development of geography based on the result of the work of American geographers since modern period. 10

UNIT—III

5. Bring out the basic differences between the determinist and possibilist viewpoints. Support your answer with specific examples. 10

OR

6. Analyze the idea and concept of aerial differentiation by Richard Hartshorne. 10

UNIT—IV

7. "Quantitative revolution in geography was one of the major turning points in the history of geography." Discuss. 10

OR

8. Write what you know about the concept of idiographic and nomothetic in geography. 10

UNIT—V

9. What is humanistic geography? Explain clearly about the five themes of humanistic geography. 2+8=10

OR

10. Trace the rise and development of feminist geography in recent times. 10

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